Final Exams 2024

Exam 1 Cairo Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Two friends are talking about planting trees."

Amr : What shall we do this summer?
Yasser : ❶ --.
Amr : Good, planting trees is a good idea.
Yasser : ❷ --?
Amr : My brother will help us and we can ask some friends, too
Yasser : ❸ ---------------------------- ,they will be happy to do so.
Amr : Where can we start?
Yasser : ❹ --
Amr : ❺ --?
Yasser : We will start after our exams.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

fur - who - famous - safe - which - short

A mongoose has a long body, with ❶ ---------- legs and a long tail. Their bodies are covered by thick ❷ ---------- .Mongooses can see and hear very well, ❸ ---------- helps them to find food and avoid danger. Mongooses are ❹ ---------- for fighting snakes. They are able to kill snakes by biting them.

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Over 65 years ago, the world's first computer was born. Scientists called it "The Baby", but it was huge. It filled a full room! Three people made the

computer and programmed math problems for it. On June 19, 1948, the computer solved its first math problem - in 52 minutes! At that time, this was amazing. Computers are now much smaller. With touch-screen technology, many computers don't need extra things, like a keyboard or a mouse. In the future, computers probably won't need **these** things at all. Some computers like the smartphone, can fit in one hand. Computers are also more powerful today.

How else will computers change in the future? A computer's brain is a chip inside the computer. So, computers will be smaller and even more powerful. Perhaps they'll even think like humans! Maybe we won't need to tell computers what to do because they'll decide for themselves!

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The first computer filled a ----------.
   a. palace b. hand c. room d. building
2. The Baby computer found the answer to --------------- math problem(s) in 52 minutes.
   a. one b. two c. three d. for
3. Today, many computers don't have ----------.
   a. keyboard b. mouse c. touch screen d. chips

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined pronoun (**these**) refer to?
   ----
5. Why do you think we may not need to tell computers what to do?
   ----
6. What is the main idea of the passage?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We should protect our planet. "**Protect**" is similar in meaning to ---------.
   a. increase b. damage c. collect from d. keep safe
2. Many ancient --------- are found in Fayum Depression. These are bones of animals.
   a. carriages b. fossils c. owners d. ingredients

3. People in Egypt plant mangrove seedlings along the Red Sea --------.

a. rocks   b. cost   c. coast   d. ponds

4. The -------- is a large natural area of land which mostly green.

a. shape   b. grassland   c. desert   d. coastal

5. We can add the prefix "--------" to the word "**scope**" to mean an instrument that makes distant things nearer.

a. fore-   b. inter-   c. pre-   d. tele-

6. A /An -------- is the person who has seen an accident or a crime and can tell the police about it.

a. witness   b. sailor   c. tailor   d. designer

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. We need -------- (using) cleaner renewable energy.
2. If we lived in Hurghada, we -------- (go) to the beach.
3. They -------- (study) English for 3 hours now.
4. The housewife -------- (say) the thief had stolen the house the last night.
5. No one -------- (see) a photo of the far side of the moon before astronauts landed on it.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"Keeping our air clean."

Exam 2 Giza Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Faten and Huda are talking about spending their last Mid-year holiday.

Faten : Good morning, Huda.

Huda : Good morning, Faten.

Faten : Where did you go last Mid-year holiday?

Faten : ❶ ....

Huda : Alexandria! Which places did you visit there?

Faten : ❷ ....

Huda : ❸ ....?

Faten : I went with my family.

Huda : ❹ ....?

Faten : Of course, you can come with us next holiday.

Huda : ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

years - cats - has - tourisits - have - hotel

A new water park opened in Sharm El Sheikh nowadays. It is the biggest park in Egypt. It ❶ .... many restaurants and the owner is going to build a new ❷ .... next year. He said that it had taken over three ❸ .... to build. Many Egyptians and ❹ .... visit it.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

There are some beautiful natural wonders in Egypt, such as the White Desert, National Park and Al-Nayzak Lake. There are also some wonderful man-made wonders, such as the Great Pyramid and the Citadel of Qaitbay in Alexandria.

Egypt also has some wonders that aren't visited by many tourists like Gabel Elba. This is because it is difficult to reach. Another wonder that is difficult to reach is the Lost City because **it** is now under the Mediterranean Sea near Alexandria. When the Lost City was discovered, Frank Goddio saw lots of very old statues, temples and monuments there.

Another wonder is the Great Sand Sea in the south of Egypt. This is a part of the western desert where you can find lots of big sand dunes. Some unusual glass is also found in the Great Sand Sea. Egypt's natural and man-made wonders are among the most beautiful wonders in the world.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The main idea of the text is ---------.
   - a. The Egyptian seas.
   - b. The Egyptian monuments.
   - c. The Egyptian wonders.
   - d. The Egyptian people.
2. The Great Pyramid is a --------- wonder.
   - a. man-made
   - b. modern
   - c. natural
   - d. new
3. Some unusual glass is found in ---------.
   - a. the Great Pyramid
   - b. the Great Sand Sea.
   - c. the Nayzak Lake
   - d. the Citadel

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined pronoun (**it**) refer to?

----

5. Summarize the wonders which are mentioned in the text.

(At least 4 wonders)

----

6. Have you visited any of these wonders before?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Trees absorb --------- dioxide from the air.
   - a. liquid
   - b. carbon
   - c. gas
   - d. oxygen
2. We add "---------" to the word "national" to give the opposite.
   - a. pre-
   - b. un-
   - c. dis-
   - d. inter-

3. ---------- is the sound produced by a person when he speaks.

a. Voice b. Playing c. Running d. Vibration

4. My teacher told me not be late again. He gave me a ----------.

a. promise b. warning c. witness d. present

5. A/An ---------- is a person who travels into space.

a. doctor b. player c. astronaut d. nurse

6. The Iron woman was enormous. The word "enormous" means very ----------.

a. small b. ugly c. tiny d. big

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. If we had more money, we ---------- (can) buy a new mobile.
2. We should keep ---------- (build) new schools.
3. The Kharge Oasis ---------- (visit) by many tourists every year.
4. Mona said she ---------- (be) tired that day.
5. Rami had tidied his room before he (start) ---------- studying.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

A review about "Your new smart phone"

Exam 3 Qalubia Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Essam and Adel are talking about next summer holiday.

Essam : Hello, Adel. Where will you go next summer holiday?

Adel : ❶ --.

Moaz : Sharm El Sheikh ! ❷ --?

Adel : I will go with my friend Asser.

Essam : ❸ --.

Adel : No, we will stay in a hotel.

Essam : How will you go ?

Adel : ❹ --

Essam : How long will you stay ?

Adel : ❺ --.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

if - full - wealth - unless - fill - valuable

Health is better than ❶---------- . One cannot exchange health for all the money in the world because health is the most ❷---------- gift from Allah. A sick person lives a bad life ❸---------- of pain, weakness and suffering. He feels that he is a real trouble to his family. He loses the nice taste of food. You can't enjoy good health ❹---------- you practise suitable exercises.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Have you ever imagined life without cell phones? People who are fifty or more will find this question surprising as they used to live without mobile phones. Younger generations, on the other hand, think that they cannot do without mobile phones.

50 years ago, if someone had said that people would be walking around with small wireless telephones in their hands, we would have called him or

her mad. However, almost everyone now has at least one of **them**.

People everywhere are walking around talking on their mobile phones. The phones are even being used for more than just communication. People use them for many different purposes. Mobile phones are used to play games, watch films, listen to music, pay money online and find information. They have become a very important part of our lives.

Mobile phones have not only made our lives more comfortable but they have changed the way we live. Before we had mobile phones, it was hard to reach a friend that was away from home. But thanks to these small devices, people can now get in touch with anyone at any place and at any time. To conclude, they have made us reachable wherever we are and whenever anyone likes.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Thanks to mobile phones, ...
   a. we cannot find information b. our lives are shorter
   c. it is harder to reach a friend d. our lives are easier
2. About fifty years ago, we ....
   a. did not have mobiles b. had mobile phones
   c. used mobiles d. were mad
3. The underlined word "**them**" refers to ....
   a. younger generation b. mad people
   c. wireless telephones d. old people

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is the best title for this passage?
   ....
5. How was life before we had mobile phones ?
   ....
6. What are mobile phones used for ?
   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. ".........." "is the synonym of the word" strange.
   a. Familiar b. Usual c. Similar d. Unusual

2. --------- is cutting down all the trees in an area.
   a. Air pollution b. Deforestation c. Weaving d. Farming
3. We add the prefix " --------- " to get the opposite of the word expensive.
   a. dis- b. un- c. in- d. im-
4. A "---------" is a piece of equipment you use to see things that are far away.
   a. telescope b. satellite c. sensor d. map
5. The planets go around the sun. The words "go around" means --------- the sun.
   a. receive b. orbit c. remove d. cross
6. The fossils were preserved well for further study. This means they were ---------.
   a. kept b. discovered c. sold d. chosen

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. He ----------- (does) his homework by the time he slept.
2. Fatma said that she ----------- (is) tired the day before.
3. If I were a millionaire, I ----------- (help) the poor.
4. English language ----------- (speak) all over the world.
5. Students should avoid ----------- (make) noise in the class.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"Write a review about: " Modern life in the future, write about transport, food and learning"

Exam 4 Sharkia Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ebrahim is at the library to borrow a book.

Ebrahim : Good morning, sir.

Librarian : Good morning, ❶ --?

Ebrahim : I'd like to borrow a book.

Librarian : OK, ❷ --?

Ebrahim : I enjoy reading books about Nature.

Librarian : ❸ ------------------------.Have you got a borrowing card?

Ebrahim : ❹ ------------------------------. How can I get one?

Librarian : Just give me a recent personal photo of you.

Ebrahim : ❺ --.

Librarian : You are most welcome at any time.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

will - feet - would - prepare - change - charge

Teachers play an important role in buliding up an educated nation. They ❶ ---------- their students for the future. They can ❷ ---------- their life. They enable thier students to stand on their ❸ ----------. If there were not teachers, there ❹ ---------- not be any doctors, engineers etc. We must respect our teachers.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

There was once a poor boy who spent his days going from door to door selling newspapers to pay for school. One day, the poor boy was so hungry, so he decided to ask for food when he come to the next door.

The poor boy reached the door of a girl, He asked for a glass of water,

but seeing his poor state, the girl came back with a glass of milk. The boy wanted to pay for the milk, but the girl refused to take any money.

Years later, the girl fell sick. She went to many doctors, but no one was able to cure her. Finally, she went to the best doctor in town, The doctor spent weeks treating her in a private hospital until she was finally cured. She was happy, however, she was afraid she couldn't afford to pay the bill. But, when the hospital handed her the bill, it read "Paid in full, with a glass of milk."

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The main idea of the passage is we must ---------.
   a. give people milk b. always do good
   c. pay the bill d. help the rich
2. The boy had a poor ---------.
   a. mind b. sight c. appearance d. brain
3. Later on, the poor boy became a / an --------- doctor.
   a. bad b. unknown c. cruel d. well-known

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Summarize the second paragraph in ONE sentence of your own words.
   ----
5. How do you think the girl felt when she left the hospital?
   ----
6. Did the girl know why the doctor paid the bill? How?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Plants often --------- pollution in the air, making it cleaner for us.
   a. produce b. protect c. increase d. absorb
2. "---------" is the place where a plant or animal naturally lives and grows.
   a. Habit b. Habitant c. Habitat d. Assistant

3. They live on the east coast. "Coast" can be an adjective by adding "..........".

a. -ous b. -al c. -ive d. -ic

4. A / An .... is something to improve a difficult situation.

a. initiative b. fight c. wear d. tour

5. You don't have to plug it in because it is ....

a. wireless b. careless c. leafless d. useless

6. That plane is enormous! ".........." is the synonym of "enormous".

a. Little b. Huge c. Tiny d. Local

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. .... (Did) you finished your homework before you went to the cinema?
2. Egypt .... (visit) by more than fourteen million tourists every year.
3. We .... (use) to use energy-saving light bulbs, but we do now.
4. The colours make the picture beautiful .... (look) at.
5. Manal .... (said) me, "I have seen this movie."

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review about: "The new projects will improve the lives of everyone living all around Egypt".

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 5 Gharbia Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Rana and Sama are talking about a story."

Rana : What are you busy doing?
Sama : I am reading a story.
Rana : 1 --?
Sama : It is about a rabbit telling the story of his life.
Rana : 2 --?
Sama : No, animals can't talk but this is only a story.
Rana : Did that rabbit live alone?
Sama : 3 --.
Rana : This means he has a family. Did the story end happily for the rabbit?
Sama : 4 --.
Rana : I think it is an exciting story. Can I borrow this story to read?
Sama : 5 --.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

safe - weather - change - finds - sea - found

Seagrass is very important. It is 1 ---------- in the sea along the coast of many countries. A lot of 2 ---------- animals feed on it. Baby fish live in seagrass because it is a 3 ---------- place. Seagrass absorbs carbon dioxide 35 times faster than rainforests. That is why it can help stop climate 4 ----------.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Basim and his friend, Ahmed spend a long time using their smart phones. They always wanted to try new apps. One day, they got a message from a stranger. He asked them about some personal information saying that it was important for a new app. He said **it** was a wonderful one, and that they could get that app for free. They thought it was not dangerous to do so. After

that, they discovered that he could get all the information on their phones. Then, to their surprise, the stranger stopped sending them any messages. They forgot about it. However, he sent them a message saying that he can control their mobile phones. He asked for money or he would hurt them. They didn't know what to do, but their friend Kareem advised them to tell the police. The police followed the stranger's phone and arrested him. They decided to warn all their friends about how to keep safe online.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The stranger stopped sending messages .... getting their information.

   a. after b. before c. without d. for

2. The underlined word "it" refers to ....

   a. phone b. information c. message d. app

3. The friends got worried when the stranger ....

   a. stopped talking b. asked for money
   c. told the police d. sent them apps

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is the main idea of the passage?

   ....

5. Why did the two friends agree to send their information to someone they didn't know?

   ....

6. Do you think Basim and Ahmed were right to talk to the stranger? Why?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A person who travels into space is called a/an ....

   a. astronomer b. scientist c. astronaut d. pilot

2. The prefix .... is used to add the meaning "do again".

   a. bi- b. re- c. di- d. in-

3. A group of animals or plants of the same kind are called ------.
   a. species b. spices c. spicing d. spicy

4. The moon --------- the earth once every 27 days.
   a. cycles b. arms c. orbits d. dives

5. After the rain, the streets were wet. The antonym of the word "wet" is ---------.
   a. dry b. rainy c. warm d. muddy

6. Water comes from the roof to the ground floor through a---------.
   a. wire b. pipe c. line d. pile

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. This book --------- (write) years ago by a famous writer.
2. My brother asks me to stop --------- (run) on the grass.
3. If he studied well, he ------------ (get) better marks.
4. He ------------ (publish) his book until he printed it.
5. They said that their team ------------ (win) the match the day before.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review on how life will be like in the future"

Exam 6 Dakahlia Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Malak has been sick and Salma are talking to her on the phone."

Salma : Hi, Malak. You haven't been to school for a week.

Malak : ❶ ---. I had the flu.

Salma : ❷ --?

Malak : Yes, I feel much better now.

Salma : ❸ --?

Malak : I am going back to school next Sunday.

Salma : ❹ --. We all missed you.

Malak : Did I miss a lot of school work?

Salma : Yes, we had homework every day and we have a test on Monday.

Malak : Oh, no. That makes me worry.

Salma : ❺ --------------------------------. I will help you, my friend.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

change - made - gases - droughts - make - energy

Our planet is hotter and our weather is changing. There are more floods, ❶ ---------- and forest fires than any time in history. One of the reasons for that is climate ❷ ---------- which is caused by greenhouse ❸ ---------- such as carbon dioxide. These are ❹ ---------- when we burn fossil fuels.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Happiness is something which we feel when we are full of joy. On a cloudy day, the clouds hide the sun, but the sun, is always there. Happiness is like the sun, it is often hidden by the clouds of worries. We have to forget **them** to feel happy. It is close to us but hidden and covered from sight, by our worries

like a treasure at the bottom of a muddy lake. It is always there whether you see it or not. You don't have to create happiness. All you have to do is calm down your mind because when there are a quiet mind and inner peace, there is happiness. Happiness makes us positive. All of us try to get happiness all the time. When a person does something really good, he feels happy. If we hurt others we become unhappy in the end. A happy mood gives us the energy to work our best but an unhappy mood takes away the energy. Happiness is **related** to the world in which we live. If we live in a bad world most of the time, we remain unhappy. One alone can't be happy if others are unhappy. It comes from our own actions. Happiness doesn't come from others. Living the present is happiness.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. What is a good title for the passage?
   a. Sadness b. Happiness
   c. Happiness in the family d. Happiness at work
2. In line 3 the pronoun "**them**" refers to ----------
   a. feelings b. others c. worries d. actions
3. What could the word "**related**" mean in this reading?
   a. linked b. unconnected c. single d. remote

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Why has happiness been compared to the sun?
   ----
5. What should we do to feel happy?
   ----
6. How is happiness related to the world in which we live?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The ability to do something well is a ---------.
   a. lifestyle b. research c. skill d. race

2. A/An .... is a machine that makes the air in a room stay cool or warm.
   a. air conditioning b. computer
   c. kettle d. battery
3. The earth orbits the sun. The verb "orbits" means ....
   a. destroy b. discover c. study d. move around
4. The word .... gives the opposite meaning of "tiny".
   a. small b. huge c. lesser d. little
5. To get the adjective from the word "hero", we add the suffix ....
   a. -ment b. -ly c. -ic d. -ful
6. She has been working at a school for free for more than 8 years. She is ....
   a. an employee b. a volunteer c. the boss d. the manager

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. If we .... (have) more time, we would visit our teacher.
2. She didn't go to bed until she .... (finish) her homework.
3. We need .... (use) renewable energy.
4. Fewer magazines are .... (sell) today because of the internet.
5. A witness .... (said) the police that the building was on fire.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

" Things you can do to help save the Earth."

Exam 7 Menofia Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Shady is talking with his friend Nader about a trip to Luxor."

Shady : You seem busy, Nader.

Nader : Yes, I'm very busy. ❶ ....

Shady : What list are you making?

Nader : The things we need for our trip.

Shady : ❷ ....?

Nader : To Luxor. ❸ ....

Shady : I don't think three days is enough to visit all the tourist places there.❹ ....

Nader : But we can't get the money for a complete month.

Shady : OK. I'd like to come with you. ❺ ....?

Nader : Two thousand pounds.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

people - cleaner - protection - energy - batteries - protect

The environment needs our help. We can do a lot of things to ❶ .... the environment. We can build solar farms to create green ❷ .... At home, we may use rechargeable ❸ .... .There are projects to plant trees to give us ❹ .... air. It is very helpful to use air conditioning less often.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

For 99% of people's history, they took their food from the world around them. They ate all that they could find, and then they moved on to another place. For 1.0% of their history, people learned to farm the land and control their environment. People living in different places eat different kinds of food.

For example, people in China eat a lot of rice and noodles. People in Japan and Taiwan eat a lot of fish and other seafood. People living away from the sea don't eat so much fish. They eat more meet and chicken. At present, it is possible to transport food from one part of the world to another. Our bananas come from Central America or Africa. Our rice comes from Thailand. We can eat what we like, when we like, at any time of the year. Food has become very big business.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is about ....

   a. animals b. prices c. food d. cooking

2. For.......... of their history, people didn't farm the land.

   a. 99% b. 1.0% c. no time d. all the time

3. People in China and people in Japan eat ...... kinds of food.

   a. the same b. different c. cheaper d. fewer

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What de people who live away from sea usually eat?

   ....

5. Where do our bananas come from?

   ....

6. Why can we now eat any kind of food at any time of the year?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. "........." are warm, wet areas of land where many kinds of plants, animals, and birds can grow and live,

   a. Deserts b. Rivers
   c. Rainforests d. Lakes

2. A /An .... is a person who travels into space.

   a. astronaut b. researcher
   c. assistant d. driver

3. I thought I lost my new calculator, but I --------- it in my book bag.
   a. found b. wrote c. gave d.sent
4. Positive people do not look ---------happy.
   a. dis- b. im- c. mis- d. un-
5. The Earth orbits the sun. "Orbits" here is near in meaning to-------.
   a. moves around b. turns into
   c. switches on d. sits down
6. In our school, it is normal to do activities that help our local community. "Normal" here is like ---------.
   a. difficult b. usual c. remote d. dark

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The national park -------- (visit) by many people every year.
2. If it --------- (rain) heavily, we will use umbrellas.
3. You should keep--------- (work) hard to get your goals.
4. In the past, people --------- (use to) send letters, now they send emails.
5. For three years, I --------- (learn) French Language.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"Write a review about a film you watched."

Exam 8 Kafr El Sheikh Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Adel wants to buy a suit.

Shop assistant : Can I help you?

Adel : ❶ ....

Shop assistant : I've got different styles of suits. ❷ ....?

Adel : I'd like the blue one.

Shop assistant : It's the colour you like and it's fashionable.

Adel : Yes, blue is nice and it is fashionable, too ❸ ....?

Shop assistant : Two thousand pounds. It's imported from France.

Adel : Oh! ❹ ....I'd like one make in Egypt, please.

Shop assistant : ❺ ....It's only nine hundred pounds. It's cheap, isn't it?

Adel : Yes, it is and of good quality as well.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

turn - life - carefully - turns - safe - save

Children need to know how and when to use water ❶...........Parents and teachers have to teach their children that water means our ❷.........
It can help us ❸........... the desert into green land to grow more crops. Nowadays, the modern ways of watching plants ❹........... much water and improve the crop growth.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Online learning is another option for the traditional way of studies. Students can easily download applications and attend online classes, but classroom learning is as important as before. Nowadays, many universities and schools are moving towards online learning. They share their materials and subjects online. Many universities served their studies online <u>**for free**</u> and some of them offered some online scholarships.

Every way of learning has some advantages and disadvantanges. With technology, everyone has ease with the online study, but some people are still against it. Some people complain that they are more comfortable with the offline learning. For people who are working and want to complete their studies from home, online learning can be the best option for them. In offline classes it is easy to pay attention to students. Finally, it is important to create a balance between online and offline studies.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ---------.
   a. Universities Study b. Online Study
   c. Offline Study d. The best ways of learning
2. Thanks to technology, online learning became ----- than before.
   a. easier b. more difficult
   c. more impossible d. worse
3. The underlined word "**for free**" means ---------.
   a. very expensive b. not paying any money
   c. pay an amount of money d. a & c

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Why isn't the online learning the best way of learning?

   ----

5. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.

   ----

6. Which kind of learning do you prefer? Why?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. --------- is the cutting down of trees in a large area, or the destruction of forests by people.
   a. Freezing b. Cooling c. Deforestation d. Production
2. A / An --------- is someone who studies a subject carefully in order to discover new facts or test new ideas.
   a. researcher b. retired c. astronaut d. assistant

3. My father was cross because my young brothers made so much noise. The synonym of "cross " is ....

a. happy b. relaxed c. witness d. angry

4. The word "expensive" can be the opposite by adding the prefix ....

a. sur- b. in- c. un- d. dis-

5. I'm still ....Could you say that another way?

a. happy b. tall c. confused d. coastal

6. There are many green .... across the world which are helping to protect the environment.

a. air conditionings b. initiatives

c. bamboo d. energy

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. These trees .... (plant) by clever school boys last summer.
2. You can choose .... (recycle) your plastic bottles.
3. When I was young, I always .... (talk) to my teachers politely.
4. I .... (don't send) the report until I had revised it.
5. If Ramy read the story, he .... (enjoy) it.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story you have read"

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 9 El-Beheira Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ahmed and Hani are talking about doing a school project.

Ahmed : Hello Hani.

Hani : Hello Ahmed, What are you doing?

Ahmed : ❶ --.

Hani : ❷ --?

Ahmed : It's about "the bamboo".

Hani : ❸ --?

Ahmed : Because my teacher asked me to do this project.

Hani : What do you think of this plant?

Ahmed : ❹ --.

Hani : I agree with you. It's a very useful plant.

Ahmed : Do you need any help?

Hani : ❺ --.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

burn - cycle - wind - rubbish - environment - burning

It is important to save our ❶ ---------- and keep it clean. We must recycle more paper so that we can avoid cutting down our forests. We can also stop putting ❷ ---------- in the landfill sites. When we keep ❸ ---------- fossil fuels, climate change will get worse. We need to use cleaner renewable energy such as solar energy and ❹ ---------- power.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Reem is a student at a prep school. Her mother owns a bookshop. The shop is near their house. Sometimes, Reem goes to the shop to help her mom. There are a lot of different books at the shop. Reem likes stories the best.

The shop is usually calm during the week but it gets very busy on Fridays. A lot of people go to the shop on that day to buy books for themselves and for their children. Reem often sits with the children and reads them some stories. The children enjoy the stories a lot and they usually buy them.

There are also some toys at the shop. Reem's mother lets the children play with the toys. She asks Reem to take care of the toys and make sure that the children don't damage them. The girls mostly like dolls but the boys like cars and guns. The children spend a lovely time at the shop and their parents are very thankful to Reem and her mom.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Reem goes to the shop to .... her mother.
   a. visit b. play with c. help d. meet
2. The shop sells books and ....
   a. toys b. sweets c. fruits d. chair
3. The best title to this passage is "........".
   a. The Dolls b. The Bookshop c. The Girls d. The Boys

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What kind of books does Reem like?

   ....

5. Why do people go to the shop?

   ....

6. Why do you think the shop gets busy on Fridays?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We add .... to form tho adjective of the word "tradition".
   a. -ible b. -able c. -al d. -ful
2. Ziad loves studying stars and planets. He wants to be a / an ....
   a. doctor b. astronomer
   c. officer d. photographer

3. New ideas can be very strange for people. "Strange" here means ....

a. boring b. usual c. unusual d. common

4. A/An .... is a person who reads the news on the radio or TV.

a. designer b. journalist c. editor d. newsreader

5. I was .... when my little baby brother made so much noise.

a. cross b. across c. happy d. calm

6. A .... is a small container of ink for use in a printer.

a. cup b. carriage c. glass d. cartridge

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. I .... (visit) this restaurant three times this week. I like it.
2. If he came to the club, I .... (play) with him.
3. Omar .... (told) he would come late that day.
4. Adam came first in the race because he .... (train) well.
5. My little brother .... (take) to hospital yesterday.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review about satellites technology"

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 10 Alexandria Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Ehab and Ahmed are talking about the environment."

Ehab : Hello, Ahmed. What are you doing?

Ahmed : Hello. Ehab. ❶ ....

Ehab : What is this article about?

Ahmed : ❷ ....

Ehab : Our environment is being polluted severely ❸ ....?

Ahmed : We can plant more trees to prevent that.

Ehab : ❹ ....?

Ahmed : Yes, we can use less plastic.

Ehab : ❺ ....

Ahmed : Actually, this will help save the environment.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

lived - plants - describe - live - beach - colourful

The reef is a beautiful place. Some people ❶ .... it as an underwater garden, The corals that form the reef are very ❷ .... Some of them look like ❸ ...., but they are not. They are made of thousands of tiny animals that are joined together. Corals can only ❹ .... in warm clean sea water with lots of light.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Elephants live in families. When a baby elephant is born, the family is very excited. They come close to the baby to welcome it and the mother helps the baby to stand up. The mother elephant looks after her baby very carefully. If <u>it</u> moves away from her, she brings it back. If the sun is very hot, she moves the baby under her body. If a baby can't climb over something,

its mother helps it with her trunk, sometimes, other young elephants help a mother elephant look after her baby. This is how young elephants learn to take care of babies. Elephants walk from place to place looking for food and water. When the elephants are walking, the baby sometimes holds its mother's tail. If a lion comes close to them, all the elephants stop and stand close together with the babies in the middle. It is an amazing world!

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is about ----------.
   a. what baby elephants look like
   b. how mother and baby elephants live
   c. why people hate elephants
   d. when lions help elephants

2. The elephants walk to different places to ----------.
   a. be excited
   b. find other animals
   c. look for food and water
   d. live in cold weather

3. If a lion comes close, all the elephants ----------.
   a. protect baby elephants
   b. run away
   c. kill the lion
   d. move to another place

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined pronoun "**it**" refer to?

   ----

5. What can we learn from the life of elephants?

   ----

6. Do you think elephants prefer to be in a zoo? Why? Why not?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A /An ---------- is a person who travels into space.
   a. astronomer b. astronaut c. astrologer d. sailor

2. A .... is the natural home of an animal or a plant.
   a. habitat b. coast c. rock d. rainforest
3. "........" is the synonym of " angry".
   a. Happy b. Bad c. Glad d. Cross
4. The prefix .... gives the opposite of " appear".
   a. un- b. im- c. dis- d. il-
5. The whale is really .... It is about 150 tons.
   a. small b. enormous c. tiny d. slim
6. We cannot continue to use petrol for cars because it is not ....
   a. sustainable b. fantastic c. rechargeable d. remote

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Ice .... (cover) large areas of wetlands.
2. That bird keeps .... (make) a loud noise!
3. I .... (plant) more trees if I were in your position.
4. No one had .... (see) a photo of the far side of the moon before 1959.
5. "Lots of mobile phones .... (steal) this year," the police said.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review on social media."

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 11 Matrouh Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Hamza is at a mobile phone shop looking for a good mobile phone to buy."

Assistant : Good evening. Can I help you?

Hamza : Good evening. ❶ ....

Assistant : We have a good collection of new mobile phones ❷ ....?

Hamza : It's a great one! ❸ ....?

Assistant : It's 8000 pounds.

Hamza : It's very expensive. ❹ ....

Assistant : This mobile is cheaper. It is made in America.

Hamza : Really! ❺ ....

Assistant : That's a good choice.

Hamza : Thanks a lot.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

visited - country - places - visit - natural - city

Egypt is a great ❶ .... in North Africa. It has many beaches and ❷ .... like the wonders near the Red Sea area. It also has wonderful historic ❸ ...., like the Pyramids at Giza and the temples in Luxor and Aswan. Egypt is ❹ .... by 14 million tourists every year.

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Water is one of the most valuable gifts in our life. It can also be called "life" because life on earth can never go on without Water.

Earth is called the "blue planet" because **it** is the only planet in the solar

system where there is enough amount of usable water. About 71 percent of the earth's surface is water. Most of the water on earth is found in oceans and seas. This water cannot be used because it is salty. Fresh water comes mostly from rain which forms rivers and lakes. In some parts of the world, people have to travel long distances to get pure water. But in other parts, people do not understand the value of water because they have a lot. They use water carelessly and a large amount of water is regularly wasted every year. We need to spread awareness among people to avoid wasting water.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Earth is called the .... planet.
   a. white b. red c. blue d. black
2. The underlined word "it" refers to ....
   a. Water b. Waste c. Life d. Earth
3. What is the best title for this passage?
   a. The importance of water b. How to waste water
   c. The amount of water d. Types of planet

B. Answer the following questions:

4. How do some people waste water?

   ....

5. Why can't we use the water of the oceans and seas?

   ....

6. What advice does the writer give us at the end of the text?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An .... is someone who studies the stars and planets.
   a. astronaut b. astronomer
   c. receiver d. scientist
2. .... special ability to do something.
   a. Project b. Energy c. Power d. Crop

3. Solar energy never ends. That means, it is ....
   a. renewable b. melting c. warm d. changing
4. To turn the word "colour" into an adjective, we add the suffix ....
   a. -ful b. -ment c. -er d. -tion
5. Alexandria is next to the sea. That means, it is a .... city.
   a. coastal b. grassland
   c. wetland d. rainforest
6. " .... " is the synonym of the word "fix".
   a. Prepare b. Pair c. Repair d. Produce

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. If we lived in Hurghada, we .... (go) to the beach every week.
2. The letter .... (deliver) by the postman yesterday.
3. The teacher said that in 2010, that park .... (is) the biggest in Egypt.
4. Rami .... (clean) his room before he started studying.
5. They plan .... (grow) a lot of trees along the sides of streets.

D Writing

6 Write a paragraph of about (110) words on the following:

A review about " Air pollution".

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 12 Suez Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Sabah is talking to Maged who is planting a tree."

Sabah : Hello Maged. ❶ ....?

Maged : I'm planting a tree.

Sabah : Do you know how to plant a tree?

Maged : ❷ ....

Sabah : Who taught you to plant a tree?

Maged : ❸ ....

Sabah : Are trees useful for our environment?

Maged : ❹ ....

Sabah : ❺ ....?

Maged : Trees are useful because they keep the air clean.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

above - satellites - under - moon - space - sun

Dr. Farouk El-Baz is one of the most important scientists. He was a ❶ .... scientist and geologist. He worked with NASA. He helped to plan where Apollo II should land on the ❷ .... He also started studying deserts on the Earth. He used ❸ .... to find rivers that were ❹ .... the sand.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Keeping the environment clean is important for everyone who lives on the Earth. Man has invented a lot of useful things that save all people but at the same time, they are harmful to the environment.

Cars are useful because they carry us from place to place, but they are harmful to the environment because **they** give out the burning fuel which causes pollution to the air, man and animals. Factories make things to people and to the country as they help increase the country money. But there are some factories that throw their waste and rubbish in water and this kills huge numbers of fish, too. So, we should plant more trees and stop cutting them down because they are a source of life as they **absorb** carbon dioxide and keep the air clean.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Keeping the environment --------- is important for everyone.
   a. dirty b. polluted c. clean d. harmful
2. The underlined word "**they**" refers to ---------.
   a. cars b. factories c. trees d. plants
3. The verb "**absorb**" means to ---------.
   a. throw a way b. take off c. take in d. put into

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is the main idea of the passage?

   ----

5. Why do you think cars are harmful to the environment?

   ----

6. Where do some factories throw their waste and rubbish?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A group of animals or plants of the same kind is ---------.
   a. spaces b. spices c. species d. spade
2. The verb "avoid" means to--------- from doing something.
   a. keep way b. keep a way c. stay away d. stay a way

3. To get the adjective of "sustain" you add the suffix ....
   a. -able   b. -al   c. -ment   d. -tion
4. The moon moves around the Earth. The verb "moves" here means ....
   a. stop   b. controls   c. orbits   d. preserves
5. The antonym of "hard" is ....
   a. remote   b. difficult   c. simple   d. far
6. A person who travels into space is called a / an ....
   a. astronaut   b. engineer   c. surgeon   d. architect

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Mariam .... (told) that she was ill the day before.
2. My grandparents .... (use) to live on a farm when they were young.
3. We should avoid .... (eat) unhealthy food.
4. If I .... (have) more time, I would read more books.
5. Noha .... (doesn't allow) to answer until her teacher had said "Yes".

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"How can we keep our environment clean?"

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 13 Ismailia Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ali is at a café. He is asking for some coffee.

Waiter : Excuse me Are you ready to order, sir ?

Ali : Yes, please. I'd like some coffee.

Waiter : ❶ --?

Ali : I'd like it black, please.

Waiter : ❷ --?

Ali : Yes, I'd like a little piece of chocolate.

Waiter : Anything else, sir?

Ali : ❸ --.

Waiter : A newspaper? Sorry. ❹ ------------------------------------.

Ali : ❺ ---------------------- . I'll check the news on the internet.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the list:

teach - free - get - click - do - teaches

Some people like doing voluntary work. This work is for ❶ ---------- as they don't❷ ---------- any money for it. It is really a great feeling to ❸ ---------- such work. We should ❹ ---------- our children the importance of voluntary work.

3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Ismailia is a city in the north east of Egypt. It's known in Egypt as "the City of Beauty and Enchantment". Ismailia is on the west bank of the Suez Canal.

It is the capital of the Ismailia Governorate. The city has a good weather. It has a population of 1,402,132 as of 2021. It is half way between Port Said to the north and Suez to the south. It was founded in 1863 by Khedive Ismail, so **it** is named after him. The head office of the Suez Canal is in Ismailia at the shore of lake Timsah. It has a large number of buildings. Ismailia has several public and private schools. Ismailia is the home of Suez Canal University, built in 1967 with the help of the Chinese Government to serve the region of Suez Canal and Sinai. Ismailia owns a successful football club Ismaily SC. The team has won the Egyptian league three times (1967,1991, 2002), the Egyptian Cup twice (1997, 2000), and The African Champions League once (1969) as the first Egyptian Arab club team won this league.

A. Choose the correct answer:

1. The passage is talking about ....
   a. Giza b. Alexandria c. Cairo d. Ismailia
2. Ismailia is .... Port Said and Suez.
   a. behind b. opposite c. between d. next to
3. Ismaily SC has won the Egyptian League ....
   a. 4 times b. 3 times c. 5 times d.7 times

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to ?

   ....

5. Why was the Suez Canal University built?

   ....

6. Why, do you think, people visit Ismailia?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... is the thick hair that covers the body of an animal.
   a. Feather b. Fur c. Skin d. Leather
2. The .... is a force which attracts things or people to the centre of the earth.
   a. gravity b. space c. satellite d. jet

3. My parents don't allow me to watch TV late. The synonym of the word "allow" is ---------- .
   a. find b. protect c. prevent d. let

4. To get the adverb of "complete", we add the suffix ---------- .
   a. -tion b.-ly c. -y d.-ment

5. He can't go anywhere. He is ---------- in his house because of the flood.
   a. busy b. full c. stuck d. free

6. If something is ----------, you don't need to plug it in.
   a. wireless b. fatherless c. saddened d. powerless

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. How would you behave if you ---------- (lose) your mobile phone?
2. The government plans ---------- (plant) a lot of trees along the sides of streets.
3. Mona ---------- (do) her homework for two hours. She hasn't finished yet.
4. After they ---------- (win) the match, they celebrated.
5. The owner explained that there ---------- (will) be over 100 new jobs.

D Writing

6 Write a paragraph of about (110) words on the following:

"A review of the things you dream of achieving in the near future."

Exam 14 Port Said Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Ahmed has met his friend Hatem at the club after a long time."

Ahmed : I haven't seen you for a long time.

Hatem : You are right. I'm busy doing a new course nowadays.

Ahmed : ❶ --?

Hatem : At the new Academy of Technology.

Ahmed : ❷ --?

Hatem : I'm studying computer science.

Ahmed : How often do you go to this course?

Hatem : ❸ --.

Ahmed : How much is this course?

Hatem : ❹ ---------------. The course is amazing. You should join it.

Ahmed : ❺ ---------------------. Computer study is so important.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

money - solution - teach - teaching - recycling - recycled

There is a great project in our city. It is ❶ ---------- people how to protect the environment. Many families collect their rubbish and send it for ❷ ----------. It's a great ❸ ---------- to a big problem because these families help the environment and get some ❹ ----------.

3 Read the following passage and answer the ques ons:

The Chinese invented paper, and they were the first to use paper banknotes for money. Before paper banknotes were invented in the seventh century, wealthy Chinese traders had used metal coins.

These had a hole in the middle so that traders could carry them on a piece of material. But these were very heavy to carry. As a result, traders left the

money with someone they trusted. People in Europe only started to use paper banknotes in the seventeenth century in England. The King needed money to help fight a war with France. Banks encouraged people to leave money with them and gave them handwritten notes saying how much they had.

The paper used for banknotes is usually made from a mixture of paper and cotton, and sometimes other materials. Although these other materials make them stronger than normal paper, most paper banknotes only last for two years. For this reason, some countries tried using plastic banknotes in 1983.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Banks in England first wanted people to leave their money with them because ---------- .
   a. the King needed money to fight a war
   b. people preferred banknotes to coins
   c. people wanted their money to be safe
   d. banks opened for the first time
2. Paper banknotes were first used in ---------- .
   a. Japan b. America c. Russia d. China
3. The main idea of the passage is " ---------- "
   a. Why we use money b. Why we use banks
   c. The history of paper banknotes d. The history of trade

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Why did Chinese traders first use banknotes instead of coins?
   ----
5. How do you think most people will pay for goods in the future? Why?
   ----
6. Summarize the third paragraph of the passage.

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. We add the suffix " ------ " to get the adjective from the word "colour".
   a. -en b. -ness c. -ful d. -ment
2. Satellites send lots of signals. The antonym of the word "send" is " ---------- ".
   a. deliver b. allow c. pass d. receive

3. This area is full of different .... of animals. There are different kinds of them.
   a. spices b. species c. pieces d. spaces
4. To " .... " is to take in liquids or gases through a surface
   a. fill b. protect c. absorb d. produce
5. A person who specialises in languages is a ....
   a. linguist b. presenter
   c. journalist d. photographer
6. The ink inside a printer .... is very bad for the environment.
   a. screen b. cartridge c. carriage d. keyboard

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. She is short .... (because), she is a good basketball player.
2. If there .... (to be) more mangrove trees, there would be fewer floods.
3. He .... (publish) his ideas until just before he died.
4. These places .... (know) as grassland habitats.
5. Amr .... (said) me, "I saw this movie".

D Writing

6 Write a paragraph of about (110) words on the following:

"Your favourite football player"

....

....

....

....

....

....

....

Exam 15 Damietta Governorate

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"Atef is talking to a tourist about his visit to Egypt."

Atef : Hello!
Tourist : Hello!
Atef : Is it your first visit to Egypt?
Tourist : ① ---------------------- I came here with my wife before.
Atef : ② --?
Tourist : I come from Ireland.
Atef : ③ --?
Tourist : I will stay in Egypt for two weeks.
Atef : What cities are you going to visit?
Tourist : ④ --
Atef : Sure, Aswan and Luxor are interesting places to visit. I wish you an enjoyable visit.
Tourist : ⑤ --

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

plane - calls - for - astronauts - since - spacecraft

The International Space Station is a huge ① ---------- 70 km above the Earth. It is a place where ② -------- live and work when they go into space. Most astronauts stay on the space station ③ -------- about six months. They can send e-mails or make phone ④ ---------- to the Earth.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Damietta is famous for its great thinkers, writers and poets. One of them is Farouk Shousha who is a well-known poet and a famous radio presenter. He was born in Damietta in 1936. At his early age, he used to go to the local

library and was able to read a lot of books in the Arabic language. In 1956, he graduated from the faculty of Dar Al - Ulum in Cairo University.

Farouk Shousha always liked poetry and Arabic literature. He worked as a radio and a TV presenter. He presented many famous programs which most people liked so much like "Our Beautiful Language" and "Cultural Evening" which both lasted for about 15 years without stopping.

In his programs, he talked about the beauty of the Arabic language and showed **its** rich literature. For this reason, he was called "the guardian of the Arabic language". Shousha won the Nile Prize for literature in 2016. We all still remember his great works even after his death.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The main idea of the passage is about ....
   a. New Damietta   b. Cultural Evening
   c. Farouk Shousha   d. Our Beautiful Language
2. The underlined word "**its**" in the third paragraph refers to ....
   a. The Arabic language   b. The English language
   c. TV programs   d. radio programs
3. Farouk won the Nile Prize for literature in ....
   a. 1936   b. 1956   c. 2016   d. 2000

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Name a famous program that Farouk Shousha presented.
   ....
5. Summarize the last paragraph in the text in one sentence.
   ....
6. Where do you think Farouk could read many books in the Arabic language when he was young?
   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... is a force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.
   a. Space   b. Telescope   c. Gravity   d. The sun

2. A .... is a person who reads the news on the radio or in television.
   a. designer b. newsreader
   c. photographer d. journalist
3. My father is so kind. The antonym of "kind" is ....
   a. calm b. clean c. clever d. cruel
4. We can get an adjective from the verb "renew" by adding the suffix ....
   a. -ness b. -able c. -tion d. -y
5. Trees breathe in carbon dioxide and breathe out oxygen so, they are .... for us.
   a. bad b. harmful c. useful d. useless
6. The land is .... as it was raining all night yesterday.
   a. wet b. warm c. hard d. dry

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The land is .... (cover) with ice in polar habitats.
2. We must avoid .... (pollute) the environment.
3. If I had more time, I .... (will) read more books.
4. We .... (use) to get our shopping in plastic bags. Now we don't.
5. I didn't send the report until I .... (revise) it.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review of your dream job."

....

....

....

....

....

....

Unit 7

Our world

Key Vocabulary

fossils	حفريات	carriage	عربة يجرها خيل	skills	مهارات
species	فصيلة / نوع	habitat	موطن	oasis **(oases)**	واحة (واحات)
length	طول	fur	فراء / فرو	lifestyle	أسلوب حياة
remote	بعيد	population	تعداد السكان	preserve **(d)**	يحفظ / يصون
food	طعام	endangered	مهدد بالانقراض	protect **(ed)**	يحمى
shape	شكل / قالب	deforestation	إزالة الغابات	fill **(ed)**	يملأ
personification	تجسيد	active	نشيط	surround **(ed)**	يحيط بـ / يطوق
depression	مُنْخَفَض	appearance	مظهر	treat **(ed)**	يعامل
owner	مالك	confused	مرتبك / متحير	travel **(led)**	يسافر
stable	اسطبل	label	ملصق		
wonder	عجيبة - إعجاب - تعجب	preserved **(adj)**	محمى / محفوظ		

Natural habitats

coastal habitat	بيئة ساحلية	wetland habitat	بيئة أرض رطبة (مستنقع)
grassland habitat	بيئة عشبية	desert habitat	بيئة صحراوية
polar habitat	بيئة قطبية	forest habitat	بيئة الغابات
rainforest habitat	بيئة غابات مطيرة	mountain habitat	بيئة جبلية

Animals

turtle	سلحفاة	orangutan	إنسان الغاب
caracal	حيوان عناق الأرض (الكراكال)	frog	ضفدع
polar bear	الدب القطبى	mongoose	حيوان النمس

Grammar

1- The present simple passive المبنى للمجهول فى زمن المضارع البسيط

تتكون الجملة فى المبنى للمجهول فى زمن المضارع البسيط كالتالى:

Agent (نائب فاعل) + am / is / are + past participle + (by) + فاعل

Ex. Some people play football in the club. **(Active)**

- Football is played in the club. **(Passive)**

Negative النفي

Agent (نائب فاعل) + am / is / are + not + past participle + by + فاعل

Ex. Omar doesn't do sport. **(Active)**

- Sport isn't done by Omar. **(Passive)**

Question السؤال

(كلمة استفهام) Am / Is / Are + نائب فاعل + past participle. + by + فاعل?

Ex. Does your brother speak English? **(Active)**

- Is English spoken by your brother? **(Passive)**

2- The past simple passive المبنى للمجهول فى زمن الماضى البسيط

تتكون الجملة فى المبنى للمجهول فى زمن الماضى البسيط كالتالى:

Agent (نائب فاعل) + was/were + past participle + by + فاعل

Ex. Adel phoned me yesterday. **(Active)**

- I was phoned by Adel yesterday. **(Passive)**

Negative النفي

Agent (نائب فاعل) + was/were + not + past participle + by + فاعل

Ex. Trees didn't surround the school. **(Active)**

- The school wasn't surrounded by trees. **(Passive)**

Speaking

1) Talking about animals and animal habitats.

الحديث عن الحيوانات وأين تعيش (بيئتها)

- What's a polar habitat?	It's always cold and is often covered by ice.
- What animal that lives in the polar habitat?	The polar bear lives there.
- What's a grassland habitat?	It has large green areas and no mountains.
- What animal that lives in a grassland habitat?	The caracal lives there.
- Where are coastal habitats found?	They are found along the coast of the sea.
- What animal that lives in a coastal habitat?	The turtle lives there.

2) Talking about a natural wonder; Wadi al-Weshwashy.

الحديث عن إحدى العجائب الطبيعية، وادى الوشواشى

Question	Answer
- Where is it?	- It's in south of Sinai.
- What can you see?	- We can see mountains and a lake.
- What can you do there?	- We can climb mountains and swim in the lake.

3) Expressing lack of understanding and asking for clarification.

التعبير عن عدم الفهم وطلب التوضيح.

- تستخدم العبارات التالية لطلب التوضيح

- I'm sorry, but I'm not sure what you mean by that.
- I'm still confused. Could you say that another way?
- When you say.......do you mean......?
- Could you give an example?
- Ah, I see. I understand that now.

4 Asking for and giving directions.

السؤال عن الاتجاهات والإجابة

– نسأل ونجيب عن الإتجاهات كالآتى:

Question	Answer
- How do I get from….to ……? - Excuse me, how do I go to the……?	- Take the second turning/ turn right / turn left /go straight ahead. It's on the corner.
- How do I get from the school to the supermarket?	- Take the second turning, the supermarket is next to the bank.

Test on Unit 7

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ayman and Farid are in the library talking about animals and their habitats.

Farid : Hello! Ayman. What is this book about?

Ayman : 1 ....

Farid : I didn't know that there are wildcats in Egypt.

Ayman : 2 ....

Farid : Seven kinds! 3 ....?

Ayman : Yes, sure. There are sand cats, and caracals.

Farid : 4 ....?

Ayman : Their habitat is mainly in the desert and Sinai.

Farid : Can I borrow this book when you finish it?

Ayman : 5 ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

stable - food - confused - shop - was confused - owner

There is a 1 .... for horses next to my house. I saw a man with a horse going inside. Later, he went out alone. I 2 .... So, I went in and asked the 3 .... about that, he told me that people brought their horses and he cleaned them and gave them 4 ....

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

I read an interesting book, which discussed the problem of pollution. I read it twice and discovered that we do many things that pollute our environment. For example, people throw rubbish in streets carelessly. Others leave old things **they** don't need near other houses in the same district. That may cause diseases.

Houses, streets, schools, companies and all places around us should be clean. We need to teach everyone in our society to follow the rules of clean and healthy lifestyle. By this way, we can enjoy life and have a better future.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ______________.

   a houses b streets c pollution d districts

2. To enjoy life, we need to ______________ rules of clean and healthy lifestyle.

   a follow b drive c forget d ignore

3. The underlined pronoun "**they**" refers to ______________.

   a streets b rubbish c companies d people

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.

   ----

5. How many times did the writer read the book?

   ----

6. Why is it important to have clean streets?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An ______________ is the natural home of an animal or plant.

   a oasis b shape c habitat d wetland

2. The synonym of the word "remote" is ______________.

   a near b easy c difficult d far away

3. ___________ means a group of animals, plants or birds of the same kind.

   a Fossil b Species c Team d Family

4. I don't know how to go to the museum. This means I don't know the ....

a roles   b directions   c levels   d feelings

5. We use the prefix .... to turn the adjective "lucky" into the opposite.

a un-   b dis-   c inter-   d super-

6. Some animals have thick hair to protect them from bad weather. This means they have ....

a fur   b label   c fossil   d habitat

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Ziad .... (visit) by his cousins every weekend.
2. This school .... (build) several years ago.
3. Salma .... (take) the Metro to her work every morning
4. Omar .... (give) the first prize in the competition yesterday.
5. My room .... (clean) by my mother every Friday.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story about an amazing animal"

Unit 8 Protecting our planet

Key Vocabulary

planet	كوكب	drought	الجفاف	global warming	الاحتباس الحرارى
air pollution	تلوث الهواء	printer	طابعة	fossil fuels	الوقود الحفرى
deforestation	إزالة الغابات	loom	نول (آلة النسيج)	methane	غاز الميثان
melting ice	ذوبان الثلج	thread	خيط	solar energy	الطاقة الشمسية
rubbish	قمامة	fabric	قماش	ocean	محيط
ink	الحبر	rainforest	غابة خطيرة	greenhouse gas	غاز الاحتباس الحرارى
weaving	نسيج - نسج	global	عالمى	environmental problems	مشكلات بيئية
weaver	عامل نسيج	warmer seas	بحار زادت حرارتها	decide **(d)**	يقرر
printer cartridge	حبَّارة	climate change	التغير المناخى	conclude **(d)**	يختم
conclusion	خاتمة	wetland	أرض رطبة	avoid **(ed)**	يتجنب
coral reefs	الشعاب المرجانية	traditional	تقليدى	absorb **(ed)**	يمتص
volunteer	متطوع	renewable energy	الطاقة المتجددة	slow **(ed)** down	يبطىء
landfill sites	مقالب القمامة			finish **(ed)**	ينهى/ينتهى
seagrass	أعشاب بحرية/طحالب	carbon dioxide	غاز ثانى أكسيد الكربون	waste **(d)(n)**	يهدر - يبدد - نفايات

Grammar

1- (If / When) for future predictions

• تستخدم **(If / When)** فى الحالة الشرطية الأولى **(first conditional)** لعمل تنبؤات فى المستقبل كما يلى:

If / When → مضارع بسيط **,** → **will / won't + inf.**

Ex. If we keep our planet clean, we will live a better life.

will + inf. → **if / when** → مضارع بسيط

Ex. We will face many problems if we pollute the environment.

2- verbs + to + inf. / verbs + v-ing

A- Verbs + to + inf.

• بعض الأفعال يتبعها (to + inf.) فقط مثل:

arrange يرتب	promise يَعِد	offer يعرض
ask يسأل / يطلب	aim يهدف لـ	choose يختار
hope يأمل	learn يتعلم	encourage يشجع

Ex. Hossam promised to help me.

B- Verbs + V-ing

• بعض أفعال يتبعها (V - ing) مثل:

enjoy يستمتع بـ	fancy يتخيل	mind يمانع	go يذهب
suggest يقترح	keep يحافظ على	spend يقضى (وقت)	

Ex. Hanaa enjoys writing stories.

C- Verbs + to + inf. / V - ing

• هناك أفعال يأتى بعدها: (to + inf.) أو (V- ing) دون تغيير فى المعنى، مثل:

start يبدأ	prefer يفضل	love يحب
hate يكره	like يحب	

Ex. I love learning / to learn English.

عبارات يأتي بعدها (to + inf.)		عبارات يأتي بعدها (V - ing)	
It's time	حان الوقت	look forward to	يتطلع إلى
used to	اعتاد أن	(be) used to	معتاد على
It's easy	من السهل أن	Would (Do) you mind ..?	هل تمانع فى ..؟
It's difficult	من الصعب أن		
It's nice	من اللطيف أن		
The first ...	الأول...		
The next ...	التالي ...		
The last ...	الأخير ...		

Speaking

1) Discussing recycling rubbish
مناقشة إعادة تدوير القمامة

Question	Answer
- Do you think that the recycling project in Giza, Cairo and Fayoum is a good idea? Why?	- Yes, I think so, because this will keep our environment clean.
- What does your family do with waste plastic, paper and metal?	- They collect them to take to the recycling factory in our city.
- What will happen if we don't recycle rubbish?	- Rubbish will be everywhere and this will help pollute the environment.

2) Discussing what is worse for the environment
مناقشة ما هو أكثر ضرراً للبيئة

A: What do you think is worse for the environment? Why?

B: I think it is air pollution, because smoke and dust may damage our lungs.

A: I think water pollution is worse, because polluted water may make us ill.

B: What do you think of rubbish in landfill sites?

A- I think it is the worst because it makes a greenhouse gas called methane.

3) Expressions used in a speech
تستخدم التعبيرات الآتية أثناء إلقاء حديث/خطبة

- Today, I'm going to talk about …
- I'd like to start by saying ...
- To begin with,...
- In the next part of my speech, I'd like to..
- To conclude, …
- I'd like to finish by saying ...

Test on Unit 8

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Khalid and Mustafa are talking about a new recycling project in Giza.

Khalid : Good morning, Mustafa. What are you reading?

Mustafa : 1 ....

Khalid : What recycling project?

Mustafa : 2 ....

Khalid : I didn't know that Giza had a rubbish recycling factory.

Mustafa : It was built a year ago.

Khalid : 3 .... ?

Mustafa : The factory helps keep the environment clean.

Khalid : 4 .... ?

Mustafa : 5 .... If we have a factory like this, life will be nicer.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

recycle - solve - environment - solving - health - bad

Throwing rubbish away makes our streets, homes, shops and schools look 1 ...... So, we have to organise ourselves to 2 .... this problem by collecting it to a place where we can 3 .... it and help our 4 .... become much cleaner and healthier.

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Omar has worked as an accountant for many years. Although he has a talent for numbers, he doesn't really enjoy his job and wishes he can do something more interesting. Most importantly, he wants to do something to help others. He starts volunteering at an organization for helping homeless people in the centre of the city.

Those people find themselves in a difficult situation as most of them have no education, lose their homes and end up on the street. Many of **them** suffer from illnesses that affect their lives. Today, Omar earns much less than he ever does as an

accountant and his days are long and difficult. However, he enjoys doing something to make the world just a little bit better.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ______________.

a jobs   b volunteering   c education   d streets

2. The underlined word " **them**" refers to ______________.

a organizations   b homeless people

c volunteers   d accountants

3. Omar has worked as a/an ______________ for many years.

a driver   b volunteer   c accountant   d manager

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Why does Omar like his new job?

____

5. What is difficult about homeless people's lives?

____

6. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. ______________ is a long piece of cotton or silk, which people can use to sew or make clothes.

a Ink   b Loom   c Thread   d Weaver

2. A/ An ___________ is a long period of dry weather when there isn't enough water for plants and animals to live.

a drought   b solar energy   c seagrass   d air pollution

3. The antonym of the verb "protect" is ______________.

a fix   b clean   c release   d harm

4. The verb "conclude" is turned into a noun by using the suffix ______________.

a -ive   b -sion   c -er   d -ful

5. We use petrol and natural gas for energy. This means we use ___________.

   a fossil fuels b coral reefs c solar energy d fabric

6. We need to use less water. This means we need to ______________ water.

   a add b save c delay d hurt

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Ashraf decided ______________ (collect) rubbish from his street with his friends.
2. If we clean our school, the head teacher ______________ (reward) us all.
3. We look forward to ______________ (watch) the match on TV.
4. Yehia will be relaxed if he ______________ (do) his homework.
5. I plan ______________ (clean) my room to make my parents happy.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story" "A recycling project at school"

Unit 9

Build a greener world

Key Vocabulary

product	منتج	battery	بطارية	shopping bag	حقيبة تسوق
paper	ورق / ورقى	crops	محاصيل	reusable	قابل لإعادة الاستخدام
greener world	عالم خالى من التلوث	seedling	نبتة	rising sea level	ارتفاع مستوي سطح البحر
climate change	تغير المناخ	wind turbines	توربينات الرياح	solar farm	محطة طاقة شمسية
personally	شخصياً	bamboo cup	كوب من الخيزران	solar panels	ألواح الطاقة الشمسية
initiative	مبادرة	water wheel	ساقية	reuse (d)	يعيد استخدام
region	منطقة / إقليم	power	قوة	produce (d)	ينتج
enormous	ضخم	desertification	ظاهرة التصحر	promise (d)	يوعد
diagram	رسم بيانى	landscape	منظر طبيعي	create (d)	يبتكر / يستحدث
energy - saving light bulb	مصباح موفر للطاقة	air conditioning	تكييف هواء	destroy (ed)	يدمر
renewable energy	طاقة متجددة	electric car	سياره تعمل بالكهرباء	interrupt (ed)	يقاطع أثناء الكلام
sustainable	مستدام / صديق للبيئة	rechargeable	قابل لإعادة الشحن		
electric toothbrush	فرشاة أسنان كهربائية	remote control	جهاز التحكم عن بعد		
		mangrove tree	شجرة المانجروف		

Grammar

1- Remember: used to اعتاد أن

• تستخدم في الاثبات بمعنى «اعتاد أن» للتعبر عن فعل كان يتكرر في الماضي ولم يعد يحدث فى الوقت الحاضر:

فاعل + used to + inf.

Ex. I used to have a bike when I was young.

• في النفي نستخـدم:

فاعل + didn't use to + inf. لم يكن معتاد أن

Ex. I didn't use to drive a car but I do now.

• فى حالة السؤال بمعنى "هل" نستخـدم:

Did + فاعل + use to + inf..... ?

Ex. A: Did you use to paint picture when you were young?
B: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

• في حالة السؤال "بكلمة استفهام" نستخدم:

كلمة استفهام + did + فاعل + use to + inf.... ?

Ex. **A:** What did you use to do when you lived in London?

B: I used to go on trips on holidays.

2- The second conditional الحالة الشرطة الثانية

• تعبر الحالة الشرطية الثانية عن مواقف تخيلية أو غير محتملة الحدوث في الوقت الحاضر والمستقبل:

Form التكوين

If + فاعل + (ماضي بسيط (التصريف الثاني للفعل, → فاعل + would / could + inf.

Ex. If I went to school yesterday, I would take a math test.

Question السؤال

Would / Could فاعل + inf. → if + فاعل + (ماضي بسيط (التصريف الثاني للفعل ... ?

Ex. Would they go swimming if they went to Alexandria?

Usage الاستخدام

• يمكن أن نستخدم الحالة الشرطية الثانية مع (could / might) بمعنى ربما كان سوف

(would perhaps / possible)

Ex. Ali could/might get better if he took the medicine.

(If I were...) لإعطاء النصيحة

• تستخدم were مع if لإعطاء النصيحة

Ex. If I were you, I would have a rest.

• كما تستخدم were مع if للتعبير عن التخيل / الاستحالة

Ex. If he were in your place, he would have another opinion.

– لاحظ استخدام (were) مع الفاعل المفرد في حالة التخيل والنصيحة في الحالة الشرطية الثانية

Speaking

1 Discussing how to live more sustainably

مناقشة كيف تعيش بطريقة أكثر محافظة على البيئة.

Question	Answer
- What things could you stop using or buying that are bad for the environment?	- I could stop using / buying things made of plastic.
- What could you do to live a more sustainable life?	- I could use less paper / plastic. - I could use energy-saving light bulbs.

2 Discussing visiting the Red Sea coast

مناقشة زيارة ساحل البحر الأحمر

Question	Answer
- Why do people visit the Red Sea coast?	- To enjoy the beautiful beaches.
- What do they like to do there?	-They like to go swimming, diving and shopping.
- How will new mangrove forests help the people who live in and visit the area?	- Mangrove forests protect farms and communities from strong winds and storms.

3 Discussing pollution from factories

مناقشة التلوث الصادر من المصانع

Question	Answer
- Why are factories important?	- Factories are important because they produce our needs.
- Do you think that all factories produce pollution?	- No, I don't think so, because some factories are environmentally-friendly.
- What would you do if a factory in your area produced a lot of pollution?	- I would call the police to stop it from polluting our community.

4 Talking about renewable energy

التحدث عن الطاقة المتجددة

Question	Answer
- Would you choose solar panels to have a renewable energy in your area? Why?	- Yes, because Egypt enjoys sunny weather almost round the year.
- Would you choose water wheels to have a renewable energy in your area? Why?	- Yes, because Egypt has the River Nile and many canals.

5 Asking for and giving opinion

طلب وإعطاء الرأى

- What do you think about the plan to build a solar farm where you live?

- ما رأيك فى خطة بناء محطة طاقة شمسية بالقرب من المكان الذى تعيش فيه؟

Agreeing موافقة	Disagreeing عدم موافقة
- **Personally, I think that** solar farms are useful.	- **I don't agree that** solar farms should be built in the countryside.
- **In my opinion,** it will give us more electricity and jobs.	- **I totally disagree.** The solar panels may have an effect on people who live here.
- **Don't forget**, the solar farms produce less pollution.	
- **I agree that** we need clean, renewable energy.	

Test on Unit 9

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Gamila and Zeinab are talking about the best place for a holiday.

Gamila : Where do you usually spend your holidays, Zeinab?

Zeinab : 1 ....

Gamila : The Red Sea! 2 .... ?

Zeinab : People usually visit the Red Sea to enjoy beautiful beaches.

Gamila : 3 .... ?

Zeinab : I like to go swimming, diving and shopping there.

Gamila : Is the sea there clean or polluted?

Zeinab : 4 .... It's one of the cleanest seas in Egypt.

Gamila : Could I join you next holiday?

Zeinab : 5 ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

diagram - environment - came - recycle - initiative - comes

Today, our school is taking a / an 1 .... to 2 .... old things. I'll take part in it. My friend Ali is absent today. If he 3 .... to school, he would take part, too. This initiative helps to keep the 4 .... clean.

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Nikola Tesla was an engineer who made several great developments on electricity or electric power. Nikola Tesla was born on July 10, 1856, in Croatia. Nikola was only interested in science. His mother was always encouraging him. His father promised to send him to the best engineering school. His father died in 1879.

Tesla arrived in the United States in 1884. He also met the famous inventor Thomas Edison. Tesla worked beside **him** with the goal to **improve** his inventions. Tesla had to work as a manual worker in order to survive. Nikola Tesla was poor before his death. He died on January 7, 1943, at the age of 86 in New York.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ______________ .
   a electricity   b Thomas Edison   c inventions   d Nikola Tesla
2. The underlined pronoun **"him"** refers to ____________ .
   a Edison   b labourer   c Tesla   d the goal
3. At the age of 86, Nikola Tesla died and he was ______________ .
   a rich   b young   c poor   d active

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Where was Tesla born?

____

5. What does the underlined word "**improve**" mean?

____

6. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. " ______________ " means that something is able to be used again.
   a Rechargeable   b Useful   c Reusable   d Remote
2. A ___________ is what you use to control your television.
   a remote control   b light bulb
   c bamboo cup   d computer mouse
3. I plugged in my laptop, but it didn't work. The antonym of "plugged in" is ______________.
   a gave up   b plugged out   c connected   d carried on
4. When we add the suffix "-er" to the verb "work", it refers to the______________.
   a place   b time   c person   d material
5. This factory runs on power from the wind. This means it uses ___________.
   a solar panels   b rechargeable batteries
   c wind turbines   d water wheels
6. I have a different opinion. This means that I ______________ with you.
   a interrupt   b agree   c discover   d disagree

5 **Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. What did your school use .... (do) at the beginning of a school year?
2. Mona would go to the party if her parents .... (allow) her to go.
3. If Omar .... (is) in your place, he would do what you did.
4. As a child, I .... (use) to like drinking milk.
5. Amir paints pictures very well. He .... (doesn't) use to do that in the past.

D Writing

6 **Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**

"A review of building a solar farm near a nature reserve"

Unit 10 To space and back

Vocabulary

astronaut	رائد فضاء	braces	تقويم / دعامات (للأسنان)	wireless	لاسلكي
astronomer	عالم فى الفلك	continent	قارة	planetarium	مبنى القبة السماوية
gravity	الجاذبية الأرضية	grain	حبة - بذرة - حبوب	photo exhibition	معرض للصور
lens	عدسة	helmet	خوذة	asteroid	كويكب (كوكب صغير)
researcher	باحث	research	بحث / أبحاث	Mars	كوكب المريخ
satellite	قمر صناعى	sensor	جهاز استشعار	explore (d)	يستكشف
solar system	النظام الشمسى	signal	إشارة	recycle (d)	يعيد تدوير
space station	محطة فضائية	fellow	رجل / رفيق	flood (ed)	يفيض (النهر)
telescope	تليسكوب	toiler	شخص مكافح	orbit (ed)	يدور حول (فى مدار)
GPS	نظام تحديد المواقع	in vain	بلا جدوى / هباءً		

Grammar

1- Remember: The present perfect tense زمن المضارع التام

• يتكون من:

I / We/ You / They / اسم جمع + have ('ve) + past participle
He / She / It / اسم مفرد + has ('s) + التصريف الثالث للفعل

• للنفى نستخدم:

I / We/ You / They / اسم جمع + have + not + past participle
He / She / It / اسم مفرد + has + not + past participle

Ex. We have watched a play.
Ex. She hasn't completed her study.

• السؤال بهل:

Have + I / we / you / they / اسم جمع + past participle...?
Has + he / she / it / اسم مفرد + past participle...?

Ex. Have you ever been to London?

• السؤال بكلمة إستفهام:

كلمة استفهام + have + I / we / you / they / اسم جمع + past participle...?
كلمة استفهام + has + he / she / it / اسم مفرد + past participle...?

Ex. Where have you been?

● يستخدم زمن المضارع التام فى الحالات الآتية:

١- لوصف حدث تم فى الماضى دون تحديد وقت حدوثه (تجارب حياتية فى الماضى (past experiences):

٢- لوصف حدث تم فى الماضى ولا يزال أثره موجود:

٣- لوصف حدث تم حديثًا «أى قبل قليل»

- لاحظ استخدام الكلمات الدالة على الزمن واماكنها:

ever من قبل (فى السؤال والنفى)	**just** توًا (فى الجملة المثبتة)
yet حتى الآن (فى آخر النفى / السؤال)	**never** أبدًا فى النفى
for (لمدة) + مدة زمنية	**since** (منذ) + نقطة بداية الحدث
already بالفعل فى نهاية الجملة المثبتة أو بين جزئى الزمن	**recently / lately** (حديثًا / مؤخرًا) فى بداية أو نهاية الجملة أو السؤال أو بين جزئى الزمن

- لاحظ أنه يمكن استخدام **always** مع المضارع التام لتعبر عن دوام حدوث الحدث وعدم إنتهاءه:

Ex. Ali has always written stories.

2- The present perfect continuous tense زمن المضارع التام المستمر

● يتكون من:

I / We / You / They / اسم جمع + have + been + V-ing
He / She / It / اسم مفرد + has + been + V-ing

● للنفى:

I / We / You / They / اسم جمع + have + not + been + V-ing
He / She / It / اسم مفرد + has + not + been + V-ing

Ex. My dad has been working all day.
Ex. I haven't been going to cinemas since 2000.

● السؤال بهل:

Have + I / we / you / they / اسم جمع + been + V-ing...?
Has + he / she / it / اسم مفرد + been + V-ing...?

● السؤال بكلمة إستفهام:

كلمة استفهام + have + I / we / you / they / اسم جمع + been + V-ing...?
كلمة استفهام + has + he / she / it / اسم مفرد + been + V-ing...?

Ex. Have they been visiting you recently?
Ex. What have you been reading recently?
Ex. How long has Omar been waiting for Sara?

● نستخدم الكلمات الآتية مع المضارع المستمر:

all night طوال الليل	all year طوال العام	for....now لمدة ... الآن	lately مؤخرًا
all day طوال اليوم	since منذ	still ما يزال	recently حديثًا

١- يعبر زمن المضارع التام المستمر عن حدث بدأ فى الماضى ومازال مستمرًا حتى الأن.

٢- يعبر زمن المضارع التام المستمر عن نشاط متكرر.

3- The past perfect tense زمن الماضي التام

● يتكون من:

Subject فاعل	+	had	+	past participle. التصريف الثالث للفعل

● للنفى:

Subject فاعل	+	had	+	not	+	past participle.

● السؤال بهل:

Had	+	Subject	+	past participle...?

● السؤال بكلمة إستفهام:

كلمة استفهام	+	had	+	Subject	+	past participle...?

Ex. Had she done her homework before she went out?

Ex. Where had he hidden before I came?

● يستخدم زمن الماضي التام في الحالات الآتية:

١- لوصف فعل تم في الماضي وانتهى قبل حدوث فعل آخر.

٢- لتوضيح ترتيب الأحداث في الماضي، يمكن استخدام الروابط الزمنية التالية:

had + p.p. مــاض تـــام	+	**past simple** مــاض بسـيـط	+	**Before** قبل **By the time** قبل **When** عندما
Past simple ماضِ بسيط	+	**had +p.p.** ماضِ تام	+	**After** بعد **As soon as** بمجرد أن **When** عندما
had + p.p. ماض تام	+	**till** حتى **until**	+	**Past simple** ماض بسيط (منفي غالباً)

ملاحظات

١- يمكن استخدام **(V + ing / noun)** بعد **After/Before** إذا لم يأتِ بعدهما فاعل، بشرط أن يكون الفاعل واحد فى الجملتين.

After	+	**V - ing / n**	+	**Past simple** ماضى بسيط
Before	+	**V - ing / n**	+	**had + p.p** مــاض تـــام

٢- نستخدم **(because / as** لأن **)** مع زمن الماضى التام كالآتى:

had + p.p مــاض تـــام	+	**because / as**	+	**Past simple** ماضى بسيط

- وعكس ما سبق نستخدم **(so / that's why** لذلك **)** كالآتى:

Past simple ماضى بسيط	+	**so / that's why**	+	**had + p.p** مــاض تـــام

Speaking

1 Discussing life experiences: مناقشة التجارب الحياتية:

Question	Answer
- Have you ever used a telescope?	- Yes, I used a telescope on the science trip last year.
- Have you ever tried an unusual sport?	- No, I have never tried an unusual sport.
- What have you been reading recently?	-I have been reading abook about space.
- What have you been doing at school this week?	- I have been having tests.

2 Discussing satellite technology مناقشة تكنولوجيا الأقمار الصناعية

Question	Answer
- How have you used satellite technology this week?	- I checked the weather this morning and I watched my favourite show on satellite TV last night.
- Have you ever had problems using your phone because the signal is bad?	- No, I have never had problems because I have a satellite phone.

3 Discussing when events happened مناقشة متى وقعت الأحداث

Question	Answer
- When was the first photo of the Earth taken from space?	- The first photo of the Earth was taken from space in 1946.
- When was the first colour photo of the Earth taken?	- The first colour photo of the Earth was taken in 1967.
- Who took a photo of the Earth from the moon in 1968?	- Astronaut William Anders took a photo of the Earth from the moon in 1968.

Test on Unit 10

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Soha and Amal are talking about satellites.

Soha : Where are you going, Amal?
Amal : I'm going to the shops.
Soha : 1 ....?
Amal : I want to buy a satellite receiver.
Soha : 2 ....?
Amal : It's a machine which can receive or read information that is sent by a satellite.
Soha : Is it expensive?
Amal : 3 .... Have you ever used satellite technology?
Soha : 4 ....
Amal : Oh! Yes. I like satellite phones, too. 5 ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

has been - Positioning - GPS - satellites - have been - Place

You can find 1 .... systems in your car, your smartphone and your watch. GPS stands for "Global 2 ....System". GPS technology 3 ....used globally for a long time. GPS helps you get to a place using 4 ....

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

You may have seen pictures of astronauts flying in space. Have you ever wondered why they fly? Your feet stay firmly on the ground. Why don't **theirs**? When you drop something, why does it fall? The answer to these questions is something called gravity.

Gravity is the force that causes things to fall to the ground when they are dropped. All the things and people on Earth are attracted by Earth. Everything is pulled toward the center of the planet. That is why things fall to the ground. This also explains why

people and things stay on the ground instead of flying around in space. Earth is even large enough to attract our moon. That's why we can see it in our sky!

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ______________.
   a astronauts b gravity c flying d the Earth
2. There is no gravity ______________.
   a on the Earth b on the ground
   c in space d in the sea
3. The ______________ is attracted to the Earth.
   a moon b space c gravity d picture

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is gravity?
____
5. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.
____
6.What does the underlined pronoun **"theirs"** refer to?
____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An ______________ is someone who studies the stars and planets.
   a satellite b astronaut c fellow d astronomer
2. A __________ is a piece of equipment you use to see things that are far away.
   a lens b continent c helmet d telescope
3. The antonym of the word "strong" is _________.
   a powerful b hard c weak d heavy
4. The prefix ________ turns the verb "live" into an adjective.
   a tele- b un- c trans- d a-
5. People in Egypt stop working at the age of 60. This means that they ________ at that age.
   a retire b explore c recycle d orbit
6. Workers should protect their heads. This means they should wear __________.
   a braces b sensors c headphones d helmets

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. How long have you ___________ (being) taking English courses?
2. We ___________ (used) satellites since 1957.
3. No sooner had Osama got his degree ___________ (then) he travelled abroad.
4. Has Rasha got married ___________ (just)?
5. We ___________ (don't) buy our new car until we had asked many experts.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A biography about a famous astronaut"

____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____

Unit 11 Media now and in the past

Key Vocabulary

award	جائزة	meeting	اجتماع/لقاء	normal	عادى/طبيعى
media	الإعلام / وسائل الإعلام	festival	مهرجان	interview	مقابلة شخصية
businesses	شركات/أعمال تجارية	apparently	على ما يبدو/بوضوح	replace (d)	يُبدل/يستبدل
				design (ed)	يصمم (شئ)
governor	حاكم/محافظ	stuck	عالق	research (ed) (n)	يبحث - بحث
career	حياة مهنية	pipe	أنبوب (ماسورة)	graduate (d)	يتخرج فى (جامعة)
recycling	إعادة التدوير	warning	تحذير	retire (d)	يتقاعد عن العمل
tourism	السياحة	female voice	صوت نسائى	serve (d)	يقدم (طعام)
broadcasting	بث اذاعى/تليفزيونى	early life	فى بداية حياة....	report (ed) (n)	يقدم تقرير - تقرير
broadcaster	مذيع	presenter	مذيع/مقدم (برامج)		
linguist	متخصص فى اللغويات/عالم لغويات	cross (adj)	غاضب - متضايق	burst (v.burst) (n)	ينكسر - ينفجر - انفجار
		witness	شاهد (على حادثة/جريمة)		

Jobs in the media

camera operator	مشغل الكاميرا (مصور تليفزيونى)	radio presenter	مقدم برامج إذاعية
journalist	صحفى	web designer	مصمم مواقع/صفحات على الانترنت
newsreader	مذيع/قارئ نشرة الأخبار	editor	رئيس التحرير - محرر
photographer	مصور فوتوغرافى		

Grammar

1- Remember The past simple tense زمن الماضي البسيط

يتكون من التصريف الثانى للفعل المنتظم أى يضاف له d / ed / ied

Ex. My father arrived home late last night.

للنفى نستخدم: فاعل + didn't + inf.

Ex. I didn't hear about yesterday's accident.

- يستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن شيء حدث فى الماضى وانتهى .
- يستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن عادة تكررت فى الماضى

• السؤال بهل:

Did + فاعل + inf. ...... ?

Ex. Did Ola cook for the family yesterday?

كلمة الاستفهام + did + فاعل + inf. ...... ?

Ex. How did you make this cake?

Keywords الكلمات الدالة

yesterday	in (2010)	in the past	ago
last (night / week / month / year)		one (day - week)	once

2- Direct and Indirect (Reported) Speech الكلام المباشر وغير المباشر

الكلام المباشر **(Direct speech)** هو الكلام الفعلى الذى قاله الشخص ويأتى بين علامات تنصيص ("......")
الكلام غير المباشر **(Indirect speech)** هو نفس كلام الشخص لكنه منقول على لسان شخص آخر ويكتب بدون علامات تنصيص.

خطوات تحويل الجملة الخبرية

• فعل القول فى الكلام المباشر يأتى إما قبل الكلام أو بعده لكن عند التحويل إلى الكلام غير المباشر يأتى قبل الكلام.

Ex. Ali said, "I'm going to buy a car." **(Direct)**
= "I'm going to buy a car," said Ali.
- Ali said that he was going to buy a car. **(Indirect)**

١- يحول فعل القول عادةً كما يلى:

say	→ say	says	→ says	said	→ said
say to	→ tell	says to	→ tells	said to	→ told

• الفعل **said** لا يأتى بعده مفعول لكن الفعل **told** لابد أن يأتى بعده مفعول.
٢- نحذف علامات التنصيص ونربط بـ (that) ويمكن حذفها.
٣- نقوم بتحويل الضمائر فى الجملة بما يتفق مع المعنى عند نقل الكلام
٤- يتم تحويل ظروف الزمان والمكان وأسماء الإشارة فى الجملة غير المباشرة .
٥- يتم تحويل الأزمنة الى الماضى كما يلى:

Direct speech	Reported speech
Present simple مضارع بسيط مصدر الفعل / فعل + (s/es/ies) إثبات	**Past simple** ماض بسيط التصريف الثانى للفعل إثبات
Past simple ماض بسيط التصريف الثانى للفعل إثبات	**Past perfect** ماض تام (had +p.p) **or Past simple** ماض بسيط
Present continuous مضارع مستمر am / is / are + v-ing	**Past continuous** ماض مستمر was / were + v-ing

Present perfect مضارع تام	Past perfect ماضي تام
have / has + p.p	had + p.p

Modals مع الأفعال الناقصة

will / can + inf. ⟶ would / could + inf.

Future with (am, is, are) going to + inf. → (was / were) going to + inf.

Speaking

1 Discussing work and types of jobs in the media.

مناقشة عن العمل وأنواع الوظائف فى وسائل الاعلام

Questions	Answering
- Would you like to work in the media? Why?	- Yes, I would like to work in the media because I want to know more people.
- Which jobs would you like to do in the media? Why?	- I would like to work as a journalist because I want to write about different things in life.
- Which jobs wouldn't you like to do in the media? Why?	- I wouldn't like to work as a camera operator. This won't let me meet and talk to different kinds of people.

2 Reporting an accident

الإخبار عن حادث

A: Was there an accident yesterday?

B: Yes, there was.

A: What happened?

B: A car was about to hit a child, but it hit a big tree.

A: Did the police arrive quickly?

B: Yes, they did.

A: What did the police do?

B: They took the damaged car to the side of the road.

A: Did you go to school on time?

B: Unfortunately, we went to school late!

3 Asking and giving opinions

السؤال عن وإعطاء الآراء:

Question	Answer
- What do you think about studying online?	- I like it because it saves time. - I don't like it because I can't discuss things with my friends.
- What do you think about doing sport?	- I think it is good for our health.

4 Asking and answering questions about radio broadcasting:

السؤال والاجابة عن البث الاذاعي :

Question	Answer
- Was radio broadcasting very important in the last century? Why?	- Yes, it was very important as it helped us learn and know many things.

5 Reporting news

تقديم تقارير اخبارية

Discussing the news مناقشة خبر / نبأ	Responding to news! الرد على خبر / نبأ
- Have you heard that …?	Really?
- Did you know that …?	Wow!
- According to (the newspaper)……	That's good news.
- I heard that,	That's bad news.
- Apparently	I didn't know that.

Test on Unit 11

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Naglaa and Heba are talking about studying online.

Naglaa : Hi, Heba. You look confused, what's wrong?

Heba : I want to take a computing course, but I have no time.

Naglaa : ❶ ....?

Haba : Online! ❷ ....?

Naglaa : Sure. It's very useful and it saves time.

Heba : ❸ .... I can't discuss things with friends.

Noglaa : Don't forget that you can communicate with them online, too.

Heba : Really! How can I do that?

Naglaa : 4 ________________.

Haba : Social media! I like that. 5 ________________.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

journalists - costs - cost - journalism - people - information

Years ago, 1 ________ travelled to different places to meet people and get news for their newspapers and that took much time and 2 ________ a lot of money. Today, 3 ________ is much easier; anyone who works in a magazine or a journal can get information quickly, because it is easy to get 4 ________ through the internet.

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Last week, my father took us for dinner in a nearby restaurant. Fortunately, we saw a famous presenter there. My father told us about famous people who worked in the media. We talked about some, too.

My mother talked about Safia el Mohandes. My elder sister talked about Farouk Shousha. I talked about Dr Mustafa Mahmoud. Then, my father talked about the positive role of the media in our life. Later, dinner was served and we all enjoyed **it**.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ________ .
   a dinner b news c restaurants d media
2. The mother talked about ________ .
   a Farouk Shousha b Safia el Mohandes
   c Mostafa Mahmoud d the famous presenter
3. The restaurant was ________ the family's house.
   a near b far from c away from d inside

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined word "**it**" refer to?

____

5. What meal did the family have?

____

6. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An ________ is a thing that tells you about something dangerous or bad that might happen.
   a festival b editor c media d warning
2. A __________ is a person whose job is to film things for television, film, etc.
   a journalist b photographer
   c web designer d camera operator
3. The synonym of the adjective "kind" is ________ .
   a good b unkind c famous d terrible
4. The verb "act" is turned into a noun by adding the suffix ________ .
   a -ive b -ist c -er d -or
5. When people celebrate something in their country, this means they have a ___________ .
   a match b warning c festival d broadcasting
6. There was an accident and cars couldn't move. This means they were ___________ .
   a broken b burst c retired d stuck

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Did Sally ________ (visited) her aunt yesterday?
2. My teacher said that he ________ (correct) our homework the day before.
3. Akram ________ (said) me that he had seen a wonderful film the other week.
4. Soha said that she ________ (finish) her work the following month.
5. Salma ________ (say) that she had been to the Citadel alone.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story you have read online"

____

____

____

____

____

____

General Tests

TEST 1

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Hoda is going to do research on the environment.

Soad : What are you going to do, Hoda?

Hoda : 1 ____ .

Soad : 2 ____ ?

Hoda : It's about protecting the environment.

Soad : Can you give me an example?

Hoda : 3 ____ .

Soad : 4 ____ ?

Hoda : We should plant lots of trees.

Soad : Are trees good for the environment?

Hoda : 5 ____

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

if - factories - recycling - sustainable - throwing - unless

People use tons of paper every day. Paper is a 1 ________ material. Old paper would be very useful 2 ________ we recycled it in the past. Recently, many countries have been 3 ________ paper. They have set up 4 ________ for that.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Be honest! Would you and your friends order a nice pizza or eat the spaghetti your mother has prepared for you? What sounds more pleasing, a big burger at a fast food restaurant or a homemade meal? Ordinary burgers at a fast food place may be unhealthy, but most teenagers eat them regularly, as they have very little time.

Usually, fast food restaurants are located in everywhere in the city, and are regularly advertised by the press and social media, so **they** are difficult to avoid. However, if you

are a fast food fan, try to keep in mind that eating fast food means you are eating food contains fat. Moreover, it can lead to many health problems in the future. If this sounds all too familiar, then it's time to try something healthy for a change!

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about _______________ .
   a fast food   b meals   c teenagers   d pizza
2. The underlined pronoun "**they**" refers to _______________ .
   a teenagers   b restaurants
   c burgers   d press and social media
3. Teenagers _______________ eat fast food.
   a often   b never   c rarely   d don't

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What do you prefer, eating outside or at home?

   ----

5. What can much fast food lead to?

   ----

6. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. To _______________ means to say you will do something.
   a produce   b promise   c control   d destroy
2. The verb "save" is similar in meaning to _______________ .
   a rescue   b hurt   c harm   d endanger
3. I totally agree with your opinion. The synonym of the verb "agree" is _________ .
   a avoid   b disagree   c refuse   d accept
4. The suffix _________ is added to a word to refer to a person.
   a -ful   b -ly   c -ant   d -ion
5. I can control my car from inside the house. This means I use a _________ .
   a water wheel   b fossil fuel   c solar panel   d remote control
6. Pollution is an international problem. This means it is a _____________ problem.
   a global   b local   c coastal   d national

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. I didn't leave school until the bell ________________ (has) rung.
2. I ___________ (have cleaned) my car all morning.
3. ___________ (Does) this manager use to encourage the worker when they did well?
4. This machine ___________ (will) work better if we repaired it.
5. I have ___________ (ever) been to the planetarium before.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review of a green initiative in Egypt or a country in Africa"

____
____
____
____

TEST 2

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Reda and Motaz are talking about an article in a magazine.

Reda : I have read an article about a meteorite that is getting close to the Earth.

Motaz : 1 ____?

Reda : I read about it in a scientific magazine.

Motaz : 2 ____?

Reda : It said that the meteorite could hit the Earth.

Motaz : 3 ____!

Reda : Yes, but some scientists have a different opinion.

Motaz : 4 ____.

Reda : They said that the meteorite wouldn't reach the Earth.

Motaz : 5 ____.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

protect - lifestyle - fossils - is found - desert - were found

Some (1) ________ of turtles (2) ________ in North Africa which made scientists more interested in studying the (3) ________ of the endangered animals to (4) ________ them from danger and keep their habitats safe.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Thomas Edison was born in 1847 in the US. He was the youngest of seven children. Edison was a weak student that his mother took him out of school after three months and taught him **herself** at home. Edison was attracted to anything mechanical and scientific, so he did not stop his experiments and researches.

Edison's first job was selling newspapers, fruit, and candy on a railway train at the age of twelve. In 1862, he got work as a telegraph operator. Edison's greatest inventions are the electric light bulb, the phonograph, telegraphy and motion pictures. Much of his work was how to improve the ideas of other inventors. He believed that people could learn from the negative results, as they learn from the positive results as well.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ________________ .
   a) Thomas Edison b) telegraphy c) newspapers d) phonograph
2. Edison worked as a telegraph operator at the age of ________________.
   a) ten b) twelve c) fifteen d) nine
3. There were ________________. children in Thamas' family.
   a) four b) five c) seven d) six

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined word **"herself"** refer to?

   ____

5. Mention one of Edison's inventions.

   ____

6. Summarize the first paragraph in one sentence.

   ____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An ______________ is a wildcat with long legs and big ears that lives in Africa and Asia.
   a frog b orangutan c caracal d polar bear
2. To ________ means to stop someone when speaking.
   a improve b interrupt c record d avoid
3. The weather in rainforests is always wet. The synonym of "wet" is ________ .
   a rainy b dry c kind d easy
4. The verb "present" is turned into a noun by adding the suffix ________ .
   a -er b -or c -ion d -ist
5. Finally, Sally finished her studies at the Faculty of Arts. This means she ________
   a reported b retired
   c designed d graduated
6. Atef can fix any machine. This means he has the__________ to fix machines.
   a lifestyle b appearance c award d skill

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The Egyptian Museum __________ (visited) by many tourists last week.
2. When people collect rubbish in bins, the street __________ (be) cleaner.
3. Salma suggested __________ (travel) to the Red Sea.
4. Reda __________ (go) to a nice food festival last month.
5. Rehab said that she __________ (buy) a skirt the following month.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A biography of a person you like who was working in the media"

____

____

____

____

____

____

____

TEST 3

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Rana and Safaa are talking about a car accident.

Rana : Have you heard about the accident on the Ring Road, Safaa?
Safaa : 1 ....
Rana : 2 ....?
Safaa : A truck hit a car.
Rana : 3 ....?
Safaa : Sure. It was a serious accident.
Rana : Did anyone get injured?
Safaa : 4 ....
Rana : What happened after that?
Safaa : 5 ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

Astronomers - go - solar - planets - goes - Astronauts

I've just read a book about the 1 .... system. It's all the 2 .... and their moons which 3 .... around the sun. 4 .... are scientists who study it. I can know more information if I visit the planetarium.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Spiders are eight-legged insects. There are more than 30,000 known species of spiders. Spiders do not have a backbone, this means that their skeleton is on the outside.

They are not like other insects. Most spiders have either six or eight eyes. Most spiders do not have great eyesight. Instead, **they** use the hair on their body to feel their way around and to know when other animals are near. Spiders make webs to catch food. They eat many types of harmful insects. Spiders are also a food for many small birds and fish.

The fear of spiders is one of the most common fears among people. However, most spider poison will not harm people because it is quite weak.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ______________.
   a spiders   b plants   c insects   d species
2. There are more than ___________ species of spiders.
   a thirty million   b thirty hundred
   c thirty thousand   d thirty
3. The spider poison is not ______________ to people as it is quite weak.
   a harmless   b helpless   c homeless   d harmful

B. Answer the following questions:

4. How do spiders hunt or escape as they have weak eyesight?

   ----

5. Summarize the last paragraph in one sentence.

   ----

6. What does the underlined pronoun **"they"** refer to?

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A solar ______________ is a large area of solar panels.
   a energy   b farm   c planet   d fuel
2. A/An ________ is a person whose job is to introduce programmes on the radio.
   a photographer   b journalist   c editor   d radio presenter
3. The synonym of the adjective "thick" is ___________ .
   a thin   b wide   c safe   d hard
4. The suffix __________ turns the verb "renew" into an adjective.
   a -ive   b -ion   c -y   d -able
5. Although my house is far away, I can see it from the top of the Cairo Tower. This means I am using a ________ .
   a helmet   b sensor   c telescope   d remote control
6. Some scientists tried to find facts about this area. This means they ________ the area.
   a invented   b exchanged   c expanded   d explored

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. What .... (will) you do if you faced a serious problem?
2. No sooner .... (I had) graduated than I found a job.
3. Karim said that he .... (visit) the Pyramids the previous month.
4. We must stop .... (throw) rubbish away.
5. Mr Munir .... (use to) be a teacher, he's a manager now.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review of an article about homes in the future"

....
....
....
....
....
....

TEST 4

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Olfat and Yosra are talking about Yosra's speech on satellite technology.

Olfat : What are you writing, Yosra?

Yosra : 1 ....

Olfat : Satellite technology! 2 .... ?

Yosra : I have a speech on how satellite technology has changed our life.

Olfat : 3 .... ?

Yosra : Sure, you can come with me.

Olfat : What else are you going to talk about?

Yosra : 4 ....

Olfat : GPS! Great! This speech seems to be interesting. I wish you the best.

Yosra : 5 ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

volunteers – will be – avoid – would be – help – lonely

Old people sometimes need (1) ______________ because of their old age. If there are enough (2) _________, it (3) ___________ easy for them to walk and take medicine. In this way, they will never feel (4) ________.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Swimming is an interesting sport. Swimming reduces the harmful effects of stress. It improves people's heath. Swimming is a sport where swimmers compete to be the fastest in a limited time. Adults are better swimmers as they have much energy. There are different distances for each competition from 50 m to 1500 m in length. **It** has been an Olympic sport since 1896.

To be good at swimming, you'll need time, effort, and a healthy diet. In order to be fit, you have to choose a sport and start practising it.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about _______________.

   a fitness b swimming c sports d work

2. Swimming _____________ the harmful effects of stress.

   a increases b develops c competes d reduces

3. Swimming has been an Olympic sport since _______________.

   a 1888 b 1887 c 1896 d 1889

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined word **"It"** refer to?

   ____

5. Why do some people practise swimming?

   ____

6. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.

   ____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An ______________ is a long period of dry weather when there is not enough water for plants and animals to live.
   a air pollution b drought c melting ice d wetland
2. A/An _________ gas is a gas in the air such as carbon dioxide which can cause global warming.
   a warmer b greenhouse c fossil d rubbish
3. Seagrass absorbs carbon dioxide. The synonym of "absorbs" is_________.
   a takes in b releases c damages d rescues
4. The adjective "national" is turned into the opposite by adding the prefix _______.
   a di- b dis- c inter- d re-
5. Samy writes news and articles for newspapers and magazines. This means he is a _________.
   a journalist b photographer c presenter d camera operator
6. Samy finished his speech politely. This means he _________ it politely.
   a concluded b started c continued d replaced

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. After Reda ___________ (finish) work, he went back home.
2. Karim ___________ (send) the letters last Wednesday.
3. Samy ___________ (said) me that he would visit Fayoum the following month.
4. If Randa works hard, the manager ___________ (be) happy about her.
5. They ___________ (have played) tennis yet.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A biography of Farouk Shousha"

____

____

____

____

____

TEST 5

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ahmad and Saeed are talking about growing plants.

Ahmad : How can we protect the environment, Saeed?

Saeed : 1 ....

Ahmad : Where can we grow plants, Saeed?

Saeed : 2 ....

Ahmad : 3 ....?

Saeed : Because they absorb carbon dioxide from the air.

Ahmad : 4 ....?

Saeed : I think cutting down trees will help increase carbon dioxide.

Ahmad : What else will happen if we cut down trees?

Saeed : 5 ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

robotics- will be - farms – floating- electric buses - would be

In the future, travelling will be easier. We will use 1 .... to move around the city. Factories will use 2 .... engineers. I believe we 3 .... able to get energy from solar 4 ....

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

The coronavirus disease is commonly known as COVID-19. Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses that cause diseases for humans. Coronaviruses were first discovered in the late 1960s.

Here are some **tips** that help to avoid COVID-19. Wash hands regularly with soap and water for 20 seconds. Regularly, clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand wash. That way of cleaning can kill the virus. When you cough or sneeze, cover your mouth and nose with a tissue. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands. If you are sick, wear a facemask.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about _______________ .

a facemasks b coronavirus c humans d diseases

2. To avoid COVID 19, we should wash our hands with _____________ .

a soup b a facemask c soap d a tissue

3. To wear a _______________ is good advice to avoid COVID 19.

a facemask b jacket c tissue d helmet

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What does the underlined word "**tips**" mean?

____

5. Why should we wash hands for 20 seconds?

____

6. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence.

____

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. ___________ is a special ability to do something.

a Crop b Powder c Region d Power

2. __________ means to be able to use the internet without wires.

a Wireless b Solar c Vain d Special

3. The synonym of the word "advantage" is_________ .

a disadvantage b initiative c discovery d merit

4. The word "environment" is turned into an adjective by adding the suffix _____________.

a -ic b -al c -able d -ly

5. Last week, I visited a place where there were many photos. This means I visited a photo _________ .

a exhibition b planetarium c album d planet

6. We need a place to collect rubbish and burn it. This means we need a ________.

a wetland b volunteer c drought d landfill

5 **Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. Nadia _________________ (has sung) for an hour now.
2. If Noor _________________ (arrived) late, his father will punish him.
3. Who _________________ (use to) help you with your study when you were young?
4. Dalia likes_________________ (watch) TV when she is at her aunt's house.
5. I _________________(didn't leave) home since last week.

D Writing

6 **Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**

"A biography of a professional sports person"

General Tests

TEST 1

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Salma and Malak are talking about a natural wonder of Egypt.

Salma : Have you ever visited a natural wonder of Egypt?

Malak : ❶ .... I visited Al Nayzak Lake.

Salma : ❷ ....?

Malak : It's a three-hour drive from Hurghada.

Salma : ❸ ....?

Malak : It got its name from locals who believed that a piece of star fell into it.

Salma : What did you do there?

Malak : ❹ ....

Salma : Is it OK if we go together one day to Al Nayzak Lake?

Malak : ❺ .... I'd love to.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

notice - seedlings - help - saving - replace - noticed

Have you noticed the climate ❶ .... on earth?There are many ways to ❷ .... the world become greener. At home people can ❸ .... the electric bulb with power ❹ .... light bulbs. Also, they plant ❺ .... and trees to give us cleaner air.

4 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Cookery competitions on TV are becoming more and more common. They usually challenge competitors to create dishes in a limited time to amaze the judges. This means that competitors must work quickly enough to finish their dishes in the time allowed. Competitors have to be very careful. They must take care with the oven temperature; if it is too high, their food will burn, but if the temperature is too low, the dish will be undercooked.

The judges are very strict and quick to dislike competitor <u>whose dish</u> is not tasty

enough or contains too much or too little salt. Sometimes a dish is such a disaster that the judges send the competitor home! Cooking amazing food under pressure is so difficult that many competitors end up in tears. This drama is caught by the television cameras and a lot of audience love it. The prize goes to the one who has managed, week after week, to create something delicious under such extremely difficult conditions.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ....
   a food   b competitions   c temperature   d cooking
2. Competitors have to be ....
   a messy   b cautious   c slow   d careless
3. The underlined word "**whose**" refers to a ....
   a judge   b competitor   c oven   d food

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Why are cookery competitions challenging?
   ....
5. What happens to the competitor whose dish is not tasty?
   ....
6. Summarize the first paragraph.
   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. To .... is to make something full, so there is no space for any more of something.
   a fell   b fall   c fail   d fill
2. I used to be terrible at maths. The word "terrible" is a synonym of ....
   a nice   b amazing   c horrible   d good
3. The last earthquake damaged many houses in the city. "Damage" is the opposite of ....
   a ruin   b fix   c destroy   d harm
4. We can use the suffix .... to get the antonym of the word "useful".
   a -ist   b -ment   c -ly   d -less
5. We should eat healthy food. We get the opposite of "healthy" by adding the prefix ....
   a -un   b -dis   c -im   d -de
6. My cousin goes sailing. This means he's a/an ....
   a sailor   b organiser   c volunteer   d presenter

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Our manager ------------------- (be) very pleased if we worked harder.
2. She managed ------------ (getting) jobs for her friends.
3. Sally said that she ------------------- (visit) the Pyramids the previous week.
4. How many newspapers ------------------- (print) in Britain every day?
5. They had no sooner finished work -------------- (then) they went to the zoo.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review of a visit to a natural wonder in Egypt"

TEST 2

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Elham and Ahmad are talking about a recycling project at school.

Elham : What are you going to do, Ahmed?

Ahmad : 1 -- .

Elham : 2 -- ?

Ahmad : Yes, we have written emails to all our teachers to ask them for help.

Elham : 3 -- ?

Ahmad : We have asked them how to recycle printer cartridges.

Elham : Why do you want to recycle printer cartridges?

Ahmad : 4 -- .

Elham : Can I join you as a volunteer?

Ahmad : 5 -- .

Elham : Thank you.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

Star - described - wonders - is described - swim - Moon

Egypt is visited by more than 14 million tourists every year. Tourists visit historic places and natural ❶ .... in Egypt. Al Nayzak Lake ❷ .... as one of the best places to dive and ❸ .... It's a natural lake near Hurghada. The lake is called the Shooting ❹ .... by locals, because it is believed that a piece of a star (a meteorite) fell into it.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

My cousin Khaled was looking around for a second-hand car. He saw an advertisement in the paper for Toyota for four thousand pounds The car was new. Khaled told the woman who showed him the car that he liked to think about it. Really , he didn't think very long. An hour later, he was back, He asked the woman some questions and she said all she wanted for it was only four thousands. He asked to try it and he was given the keys. He paid the money and took the car.

Khaled was sure there must be something **fishy** about it and he did not want to get himself in trouble. So, instead of going home, he drove straight to the police station where he left the car for the police to check the matter. The next day he was called up to go and collect his car. The police officer told him that everything was legal but the woman had not told him everything. Her husband was taken dead out of the car and so no one wanted to buy it. Khaled wished he had never known about that. He himself felt uncomfortable. He regreted buying the car.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about buying............... .
   a fish b a car c a house d a flat
2. The car in the advertisement was for..............pounds.
   a 4000 b 4500 c 5000 d 5400
3. The underlined word "**fishy**" means............... .
   a honest b nice c dishonest d good

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Why did Khalid regret about the car?

....

5. Was the car legal? Why / Why not ?

....

6. Summaries the last paragraph.

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... is a force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.
   a Gravity   b Satellite   c Telescope   d Astronaut
2. The synonym of the word "different" is............
   a alike   b similar   c several   d same
3. The antonym of the word "male" is............
   a main   b email   c remain   d female
4. We use the suffix "............" to turn the word "operate" into a noun.
   a -er   b -ir   c -or   d -an
5. The prefix "............" means to do it again.
   a ir-   b re-   c un-   d dis-
6. Life will be easier for people with disabilities. "Disabilities" means they have ....
   a skills   b health problems   c prizes   d solar panels

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Every morning, milk.................. (delivers) to my house.
2. If he.................. (play) well enough, he will win the game.
3. Did you used to .... (going) to the theatre when you lived in London?
4. Karim .... (do) his homework all day long.
5. I'm so tired, so I .... (will be) able to go with you to Fayoum tomorrow.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story about working animals"

TEST 3

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Soha is going to the market.

Soha : Good morning Soha. Where are you going?

Aya : Good morning, Aya. ❶ ....

Soha : Why are you going there.

Aya : ❷ ....

Soha : Plastic bags! ❸ ....?

Aya : I have a science project at school.

Soha : ❹ ....?

Aya : It's about the bad effect of plastic to the environment.

Soha : I wish you all the best.

Aya : ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

were surprised - metres - was surprised - long - crocodiles - species

Many ancient fossils are often found in the Fayum Depression. There are many ❶ .... of animals there. Among these fossils there are ❷ ...., turtles and whales. The most amazing fossils are the whale fossils. The scientists ❸ .... to find out that these whales had legs, so they once walked on land. The fossils were preserved really well and some of them were 21 ❹ .... in length.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

If you are invited to an English home, at five o'clock in the morning you get a cup of tea. You must not say "Go away". On the contrary , you have to say , with your best five o'clock smile: thank you so much. My wife loves a cup of early morning tea, especially early in the morning . Then she has have tea for breakfast; then she has tea at seven o'clock then after lunch.

I have a different <u>type</u> of lifestyle. I sleep at five o'clock in the morning; I have coffee for breakfast; I drink many cups of black coffee during the day. I wanted a cup of coffee and a piece of cheese for breakfast. It was a very hot day, and my wife made some cold coffee and put it in the refrigerator. When she left the cheese on the kitchen table, it melted. So I had a different kind of meals.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The underlined word "**type**" refers to the ....
   a) coffee b) food c) tea d) way of living
2. The writer had .... coffee.
   a) black b) hot c) cold d) fast
3. You mustn't refuse means you have to ....
   a) say no b) accept c) disagree d) discuss

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Summarise the second paragraph.

   ....

5. What does the Walter's wife prefer to drink?

   ....

6. How did the writer have a different kind of meals?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A .... is an area of land that is often flooded by water.
   a) desert b) wetland c) grassland d) polar habitat
2. The synonym of "familiar" is ....
   a) unfamiliar b) unknown c) well-known d) lovely
3. The antonym of "connect" is ....
   a) disconnect b) join c) link d) gather
4. We enjoyed the traditions in the old village we visited. We add the suffix " .... " to get the adjective of "tradition".
   a) -al b) -ment c) -ous d) -ing
5. The prefix .... is added to the word "port" to refer to buses, trains, planes, etc.
   a) trans- b) di- c) re- d) un-
6. These water pipes are really ancient. That means they are very ....
   a) safe b) local c) interested d) old

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. What places .... (you visit) if you travel to London?

2. She....... (didn't use) to be able to speak French, but she has forgotten it.
3. The flowers.................. (didn't water) by the gardener every evening.
4. Hind told me that her father .... (travel) to Paris the coming month.
5. Reda always .... (go) to the country when he was very young.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story about an amazing animal"

....

....

....

TEST 4

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

A reporter is interviewing Eman Badr.

Reporter : What's your name?

Eman : Eman Badr. ❶ ....

Reporter : ❷ ....?

Eman : I play the piano.

Reporter : When did you start playing it?

Eman : ❸ ....

Reporter : How many hours do you practise a day?

Eman : ❹ ....

Reporter : Do you like being in the orchestra?

Eman : ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

get - batteries - destroy - remote - sustainable - panels

I always used to ❶ .... the newest phone. I've stopped doing that now because it isn't ❷ .... .So, now I use rechargeable ❸ .... for the TV ❹ .... control and my computer mouse. We should keep our planet save.

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Mr John intended to buy his wife a Christmas present. He went to a big shop near his office during his lunch hour. Mr John stood politely near a crowd of women inside. The salesgirl was helpful and advised him well. So he asked for some necklaces. and earrings.

He knew that his wife <u>prefers</u> blue colour, so he changed his mind and decided to buy her a blue watch with a golden face. He paid 500 pounds and went back to his office on time.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The underlined word "**prefer**" means..............
   a hate b like c dislike d refuse
2. He wanted to buy a present for his..............
   a sister b brother c wife d mother
3. Mr John bought ....from the shop.
   a clothes b shoes c a necklace d a watch

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is the main idea of the passage?
....
5. Summarise the first paragraph.
....
6. How was the salesgirl at the shop?
....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... is the job of writing news reports for newspapers and magazines.
   a Teaching b Journalism c Farming d Driving
2. The word "..............." is the synonym of "cross".
   a famous b difficult c annoyed d pleased
3. The opposite of the word "fail" is ....
   a improve b increase c succeed d able
4. The suffix "..............." can turn the verb "use" into an adjective.
   a -ness b -ly c -ful d -ive
5. The prefix "mono-" means ....
   a two b single c plural d no one
6. When we went to the park, there were many children around us. This means we were .... by children.
   a changed b surrounded c designed d polluted

5 **Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. They both used to ____________________ (has) short hair.
2. Sandy likes ________________ (watch) TV when she finishes her school work.
3. The Egyptian Museum ______________ (visit) by millions of tourists every year.
4. The new teacher has never __________________ (punish) Samy.
5. She'll miss the bus if she ________________ (not leave) soon.

D Writing

6 **Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**

"A review of your visit to a natural wonder in Egypt"

____

____

____

TEST 5

A Language Functions

1 **Finish the following dialogue:**

Habeeba and Rofida are talking about the Fayum Depression.

Habeeba : What is special about the Fayum Depression?

Rofida : ❶ ______________________________.

Habeeba : ❷ ______________________________?

Rofida : There are fossils of crocodiles, turtles and whales.

Habeeba : Wow! A fossil of a whale. ❸ ______________________?

Rofida : It was 21 metres in length.

Habeeba : Do scientists study these fossils?

Rofida : ❹ ______________________________.

Habeeba : I agree with you. It's important to study them. Thanks for this useful information.

Rofida : ❺ ______________________________

B Reading Comprehension

2 **Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

grow - fewer - protect - mangrove - more - were

In hot countries like Egypt, ❶ .... trees grow in the sea along the coast. Mangrove forests ❷ .... farms and communities from strong winds and storms. They provide homes for plants, fish and sea animals. If there ❸ .... more mangrove trees, there would be ❹ .... floods.

3 Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Cindrella is a fantastic imaginary children's story. After her mother's death her father soon married another woman with three daughters. When she married Cindrella's father, Cindrella had to live with them. The woman was so wicked and cruel, she made Cindrella work hard day and night and left her own daughters play.

Her father was so weak and he couldn't prevent his new wife from being cruel to his sad daughter. Luckily the prince invited all girls to his palace to choose his future wife. All girls went in best clothes. Cindrella had nothing to fit the party. But with the help of a women magician, she got the best dress, later on she married the prince.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is mainly about ....
   a the king b the governor c the prince d Cindrella
2. The underlined word "she" refers to ....
   a Cindrella b Cindrella's mother
   c the new wife d one of the girls
3. All girls went to the prince to choose his future...... .
   a friend b worker c wife d enemy

B. Answer the following questions:

4. How did the wife treat Cindrella?
   ....
5. Summarise the first paragraph.
   ....
6. How did Cindrella marry the prince?
   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... are the remains of animals or plants that lived in the past.
   a Species b Mongooses c Fossils d Caracals
2. We should help slow down climate change. The synonym of "slow down" is "..........".
   a increase b waste c decrease d repair
3. If something is wet, it is covered in water. The word "wet" is an antonym of ....
   a rainy b dark c amazing d dry
4. The suffix "- ive" forms the adjective from ....
   a dive b attract c conclude d care
5. Where's my phone? It has disappeared. The prefix "dis-' gives the .... of "appear".
   a meaning b opposite c adverb d noun

6. They concluded the party with a very lovely song. This means they sang at the .... of the party.

a end b start c beginning d opening

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. .... (Do) the brakes of the car checked regularly by the mechanic?
2. She hopes................(to going) to university next year.
3. ....(Have) your father been to London?
4. Ayman .... (has visited) Luxor yet.
5. If he................ (be) younger, he would travel more.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story" "A recycling project at school"

....

....

TEST 6

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Dina is giving a speech about seagrass.

Ramy : What topic will you talk about in your speech, Dina?

Dina : ❶ ....

Ramy : ❷ ....?

Dina : I'd like to start by saying that seagrass is found in the sea along the coast of many countries.

Ramy : ❸ ....?

Dina : Seagrass is food for many sea animals, including turtles and baby fish.

Ramy : How can seegrass help our environment?

Dina : ❹ ....

Ramy : I wish you all the best in your speech.

Dina : ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

How much paper do you use every year? Probably you can't answer that question quickly. The amount of paper a country uses shows how far advanced the country is. Paper was first made in China, but in Egypt and the west, paper was not very commonly used before the year 1400.

The Egyptians wrote on rapiers; a plant that grew on the Nile. The Europeans used **parchment** for many hundreds of years. Parchment was very strong; it was made from the skin of certain young animals. We have learnt about that history from records that were kept on parchment. Chinese paper was not made from the wood of trees, it was made from the hair like parts of certain plants.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The main idea of the passage is about ....
   a paper b wood c China d rapiers
2. .... is the first country to make paper.
   a Egypt b America c China d Europe
3. .... was a great invention.
   a Paper b Parchment c Wood d Hair

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence from your own.
   ....
5. Why do countries use paper?
   ....
6. What does the underlined word **"parchment"** mean?
   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An .... is a large spacecraft where people live and work.
   a space station b asteroid c planetarium d astronaut
2. The synonym of the word "special" is ....
   a small b general c little d particular
3. The antonym of the word "vain" is ....
   a careless b successful c useless d useful
4. We add the suffix .... to the word "research" to refer to a person.
   a -er b -ive c -less d -ly
5. The prefix "astro-" in the word "astronaut" means ....
   a space b far c skill d ability
6. Mr Mahmoud is a hard worker in the company. This means he is. a/an ....
   a astronomer b toiler c sensor d tailor

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Would you travel to America if you .... (have) enough money?
2. I always avoid .... (walk) in the middle of the street.

3. We prefer................(drive) during the day whenever we can.
4. If she spoke perfect English, she................(has) a good job.
5. These writer's articles................(reading) by many people every day.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review of things that you can recycle at school or in your house"

....

....

....

TEST 7

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

A man is talking to the shop assistant.

Assistant : Hello, how can I help you?

Man : ❶ ....

Assistant : What type of batteries?

Man : ❷ ....

Assistant : Good choice. They are good for the environment.

Man : ❸ ....?

Assistant : They are one hundred pounds.

Man : That's great. ❹ ....?

Assistant : Yes, they are modern ones.

Man : OK! ❺ .... Thank you.

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

space - is used - signal - mountains - are used - satellites

Have you ever had problems using your phone because of bad ❶ ....? Satellite phones ❷ .... all over the world. They are especially useful in remote areas such as deserts and ❸ .... .They are unlike cell phones, they communicate with other phones by signals through orbiting ❹ ....

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Down at the bottom of Loch Ness, is Scotland, things were very calm. The Monster scratched her ear with the third leg on the right and decided that it was time to do something. She didn't usually go up to the surface during the day because the light hurt her eyes, but she was getting bored at the bottom of the loch with nothing to do except talk to the fish. She scratched swimming slowly up towards the light.

Five minutes later, the Monster reached the surface, stuck her head and fifteen metres of neck out of the water and looked around. She closed her eye's and opened them again. The Monster saw many people there, so she went down again.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The main idea of the passage is ....
   a a strange monster b Loch Ness
   c a strange day d Scotland
2. The monster was a ....
   a male b female c baby d man
3. The monster had ....legs.
   a one b two c three d four

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Where did this story happen?

....

5. Summarize the last paragraph.

....

6. Why don't the monster usually go out during the day?

....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An .... is the person whose job is to design or work with robots.
   a engineer b robotic engineer c scientist d Astronaut
2. "Cross" is similar in meaning to " .... ".
   a calm b happy c angry d pleased
3. Unfortunately I lost my phone. The word "unfortunately" is an antonym of ....
   a unlucky b fortunately c safe d early
4. We form the noun "pollute" by using the suffix ....
   a -al b -ion c -ment d -ous
5. The prefix "di-" in "dioxide" means ....
   a four b three c one d two

6. People in charities work for free. This means they are ....

a engineers   b teenagers   c volunteers   d fuels

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Salma .... (use to) play cards with her little sister when they were young
2. They would buy so many clothes if they .... (have) more money.
3. Sherif .... (have never) tried Chinese food before.
4. The mistakes .... (are corrected) by the teacher yesterday.
5. Diana admitted .... (feel) hurt by what I had said.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story" "A recycling project at school"

....

....

....

TEST 8

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Mariam is playing a game with Rawan.

Mariam : I will play a game with you.

Rawan : Really? ❶ ....?

Mariam : It's about my favourite snack. You will ask and I guess what it is.

Rawan : OK! ❷ ....?

Mariam : Yes, it has lots of sugar.

Rawan : OK. Is your favourite snack juicy, spicy or sweet?

Mariam : ❸ ....

Rawan : Is it ice cream?

Mariam : ❹ ....

Rawan : Great! ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

turbines - promises - produce - workers - pollution - promised

There was a factory in my village that used to produce ❶ .... especially in the morning . We called the police to stop the ❷ .... .When the police arrived they ❸ .... that the factory would not ❹ .... any more pollution.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Life is too short to live. So, man has to realize that, thinking too much could make you sick. Even doctors tell us not to worry much, as this is not good for our life course. A wise friend of mine advised me to laugh. It would be a good thing to start your day with a smile.

Follow this piece of advice and you will never feel **cross** or even nervous. Someone will say that life is not that easy to live. We have a lot to worry about in our life. Laughter is a good addition to our life. All these things could be in hand if we smile all the way in our life.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The underlined word "**cross**" means ....

a happy b fast c late d angry

2. .... could make us sick.

a Laughter b Anger c Thinking d Advice

3. Never .... in your life, this will make you happier.

a eat b laugh c worry d smile

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is the main idea of the passage ?

....

5. What is the good thing to start your day with?

....

6. Summarise the second paragraph.

....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An .... is an area of land that is wet most of the time.

a ocean b seagrass c wetland d rainforest

2. The synonym of "familiar" is ....

a unfamiliar b unknown c well-known d lovely

3. The antonym of the word "ancient" is ....

a remote   b near   c modern   d deep

4. We can use the suffix .... to turn the verb "use" into an adjective.

a -ly   b -less   c -ion   d -ing

5. To give the opposite of the word "successful," we add the prefix ....

a in-   b im-   c un-   d inter-

6. I could see the stars very clear. This means I used a ....

a telescope   b station   c timeline   d ship

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Jomana was encouraged .... (beginning) playing the guitar by her father.
2. They would go to Aswan on holiday if the weather .... (be) fine.
3. The school looks nice, it .... (decorate) well last summer.
4. Many kinds of fish .... (catch) every day.
5. Did Hany .... (uses to) read in a loud voice?

D Writing

6 Write a paragraph of about NINETY (90) words on:

"A review of a habitat you have researched"

....

....

....

TEST 9

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Fahd has finished reading "Lord of the Flies".

Fahd : I finished reading "Lord of the Flies".

Adam : What is it?

Fahd : ❶ ....

Adam : ❷ ....?

Fahd : The British writer William Golding wrote it.

Adam : ❸ ....?

Fahd : It is about some school boys who had to live on an island after their plane crashed in the sea and the pilot died.

Adam : Can I borrow it?

Fahd : ❹ ....

Adam : ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

using - gases - to burn - change - burning - increasing

Scientists are not completely sure about what causes climate ① ______________. Most scientists interested in the subject believe that human activity is ② __________ climate change. When sunlight reaches the Earth, it passes through a layer of greenhouse ③ __________. Greenhouse gasses happen when humans create them by ④ ________ fossil fuels.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Last week, my father said he would take us for a picnic. He told us that each one would suggest the place over dinner. I was so happy because it is rarely for us to go out with my dad. I asked my mother to prepare a delicious dinner for <u>him</u> to make him ready for our suggestions.

At dinner, my mother wanted to go shopping in a new supermarket, my sister wanted to invite some of her friends with us, naturally we have a big car. I suggested going to zoo since it was a long time I have been there. Dad finished his dinner and had a phone call to cancel all this.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The main idea of the passage is ______________
   - a cooking
   - b going shopping
   - c going on a picnic
   - d eating dinner
2. There were ______________ persons at the dinner table.
   - a two
   - b three
   - c four
   - d six
3. At the end of the meal , everyone was ______________.
   - a happy
   - b late
   - c pleased
   - d angry

B. Answer the following questions:

1. What does the underlined word "**him**" refer to?

   ----
2. How would the family decide on the picnic?

   ----
3. Summarise the first paragraph of the passage.

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A/An __________ is some who introduces the different programmes in the radio.
   - a journalist
   - b web designer
   - c radio presenter
   - d linguist
2. Fady wants to give up his electric toothbrush. The synonym of "give up" is to __________.
   - a continue
   - b recharge
   - c carry on
   - d stop

3. The word "expensive" is opposite to the word..........

a angry b cheap c flooded d exciting

4. "Environment" is a noun. The adjective is formed when we add the suffix..........

a -al b -ion c -ive d -able

5. The prefix "..........." means the opposite.

a dis- b di- c re- d over-

6. To.............. means to leave a job or stop working because of old age.

a voice b retire c burst d broadcast

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Samy .... (don't enjoy) playing tennis.
2. Malak used to .... (wrote) her homework on time.
3. If my brother passed his exams, he.................... (will join) university.
4. Marwa keeps........................(change) her mind about the wedding.
5. He........................(be questioned) very closely by the police.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A review of a recycling project you have read about"

....

....

....

TEST 10

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Muhammad is asking Mustafa about online shopping.

Muhammad : Do you like online shopping?

Mustafa : ❶ ....

Muhammad : ❷ ....?

Mustafa : Because it saves time.

Muhammad : ❸ ....?

Mustafa : Yes, it is easy to buy things online.

Muhammad : What type of things do you usually order?

Mustafa : ❹ ....

Muhammad : Do you think that we will do all our shopping online in the future?

Mustafa : ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

avoid - is covered - fur - covered - protects - kill

Animals live in different habitats. Many animals that live in cold habitats have thick ❶ .... to keep them warm. Their fur may also be white so that their enemies cannot see them when the ground ❷ .... with snow. The hard shell of an animal ❸ .... it from other animals. Mongooses can see and hear very well, which helps them to find food and ❹ .... danger.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Because there are many pyramids, tombs and temples in Egypt, it is easy to **believe** that the ancient Egyptians worked mostly in order to let the dead have good life after death. They also believed that food was just as important to the dead as it was for the living.

The dead man's family always used to fill the tomb with containers of food and drink. They believed that the soul of a dead person would feel hunger and thirst in the after life, just as a living person does.

Lists of hieroglyphs were written on the walls of the tombs; these showed how much bread, meat and drink would the dead person need each day.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Ancient Egyptians .... there was life after death.
   a didn't think   b denied   c thought   d didn't believe
2. Food was provided .... the tomb.
   a outside   b inside   c away from   d near
3. The dead man's .... provided food in the tomb.
   a mother   b family   c friends   d neighbours

B. Answer the following questions:

4. What is the main idea of this passage?
   ....
5. What does the underlined word **believe** refer to?
   ....
6. Summarize the second paragraph in one sentence of your own.
   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A .... is information or an instruction that is sent by sound, light, etc.
   a gravity   b signal   c station   d lens

2. Titanic was an enormous ship .The synonym of "enormous' is..........

a small b huge c tiny d little

3. The adjective "..........." is the opposite of "able to move".

a well-known b stuck c different d national

4. The suffix .... turns the noun "wind" into an adjective.

a -ous b -less c -ness d -y

5. We use the prefix "..........." to get the antonym of "polite".

a un- b dis- c anti- d im-

6. My father is the ....of this house. This means that he has bought it.

a visitor b guest c owner d tourist

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The whole story .... (forgotten) by the kids in a few days.
2. We must avoid .... (pollute) the environment.
3. Most elderly people want to continue.................. (live) at home for as long as they can.
4. Kamal always .... (use to) buy energy-saving light bulbs, but he does now.
5. If I .... (am) you, I would visit the museum.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"How to keep our environment clean"

....

....

TEST 11

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ayman is going to a new school.

Father : Ayman, your school bus will arrive soon.

Ayman : ❶ ....?

Father : No, you can't. The school is far from here.

Ayman : ❷ ....?

Father : Yes, your school bag is ready.

Ayman : Who will I talk to if I don't know anyone at the school?

Father : ❸ .... They'll be very friendly.

Ayman : What will the teacher say if I don't understand the lesson?

Father : ❹ ....

Ayman : OK. ❺ ....

B Reading Comprehension

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

Star - described - wonders - is described - swim - Moon

Egypt is visited by more than 14 million tourists every year. Tourists visit historic places and natural ❶ .... in Egypt. Al Nayzak Lake ❷ .... as one of the best places to dive and ❸ .... It's a natural lake near Hurghada. The lake is called the Shooting ❹ .... by the locals, because it is believed that a piece of a star (a meteorite) fell into it.

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Water is very important for life. It is the secret of life. Without it, no creature can live on earth. The water percentage on earth is 70 % whereas and on earth is 30 %. People, plants and animals need water to ensure life going on earth. As for plants, they need water to grow, keep living, and get flowers. As for animals, they need water from the first beginning of their life until the end of it. They need it in their drink. For people we need water to eat, drink, wash our clothes, plant trees, bathe, wash our cars and to make some industries. So water is very **essential** in our life. Life on earth would be impossible without it, so we should do our best to save it.

There are many ways that we can follow to save water. The first step is to use a short shower of water not a long one. The second step is to fix old or bad taps. The third step is to turn off taps after use and not to let them on all the time. Other ways to save water are by not washing cars in the streets also we shouldn't spray water in streets.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is about ....

   a plants b animals c people d water

2. Water represents of the earth area ....%.

   a 70 b 30 c 100 d 50

3. People mustn't be .... with water.

   a careful b careless c caring d watchful

B. Answer the following questions:

4. Summarize the last paragraph.

   ....

5. What does the underlined word **essential** mean?

   ....

6. What will happen if we waste water?

   ....

C Vocabulary and Structure

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... is a device that measures small amounts of light, heat, sound, etc.
   a GPS   b Sensor   c Toiler   d Wireless
2. The light went out and the children were frightened. "Frightened" is similar to ....
   a safe   b scared   c correct   d cheap
3. The antonym of "enormous" is ....
   a tall   b small   c huge   d big
4. Alexandria is a coastal city. The suffix "-al" turns the noun "coast" into a/an ....
   a adverb   b adjective   c verb   d pronoun
5. Where's my phone? It has disappeared. The prefix "dis-" gives the .... of "appear".
   a opposite   b meaning   c noun   d adjective
6. Tamer is very ill and his mother is worried. "Worried" means ....
   a calm   b anxious   c lovely   d happy

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The governor told us that the park .... (take) three years to build.
2. .... (If) you helped me, I would be unable to do it.
3. Karim .... (visit) Aswan next month.
4. Do you fancy .... (to go) out for a meal after work?
5. A child from a poor family .... (force) to work last month.

D Writing

6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

"A short story"A trip to a recycling factory

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....

Azhar Test 12

1 Complete the following dialogue:

Reham and Lamar are talking about transport in the future.

Reham : I think transport will be different in the future.

Lamar : ❶ ....?

Reham : I think there will probably be driverless cars.

Lamar : Great! Do you think there will be flying cars?

Reham : ❷ ....

Lamar : I think so. It will help us move fast.

Reham : I think it will land on roofs of the building.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1- Your friend asks you about the meaning of a word.

....

2- You ask your teacher about solar panel.

....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. If you .... a lot of sweets, you will have a toothache.
   a) eats b) eating c) eat d) ate
2. We use the .... to move around the computer screen.
   a) conditioning b) car c) mouse d) site
3. .... and floods are problems for the environment.
   a) Desertification b) Bamboo c) Farming d) Recharging
4. Maher intended .... a new pair of shoos.
   a) buy b) to buy c) buying d) to buying
5. .... trees help slow down desertification.
   a) Apple b) Mango c) Mangrove d) Palm

5 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Yesterday, my mother wanted to visit my aunt who lives in Fayoum. She asked us over lunch, who would like to go with her. We all were busy, so no one answered quickly. She was angry, but she didn't say so. That was clear when she didn't have dinner with us. I tried to make her happy by telling her some good jokes, still she was angry.

My elder sister said, "Mom, I'll go with you tomorrow". Then she smiled and began

preparing her bag. Suddenly, the door bell rang, I opened it and then we all started laughing. Here was my aunt; she came to visit my mother.

A. Answer the following questions:

1. What did the mother want to do?

----

2. How many of the family wanted to go with her?

----

3. When did the mother laugh?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The mother asked to visit her .... at lunch.

a father   b aunt   c uncle   d sister

5. They all .... when they saw the visitor.

a cried   b laughed   c ran   d walked

5 Write a paragraph of SIX (6) sentences on:

"An invention"

Azhar Test 13

1 Complete the following dialogue:

Haneen: Would you like to be an astronaut?

Hisham: ❶ ....

Haneen: ❷ .... ?

Hisham: I would like to go to the moon.

Haneen: Where do astronauts live on space?

Hisham: ❸ ....

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1- Your friend asks you about the best way to stop pollution.

2- You tell your friend about your opinion of solar energy.

----

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The long threads are made into .... on looms.

a waste   b weavers   c ink   d fabric

2. ....grows in the sea along the coast.

a Seagrass   b Planets   c Houses   d Stars

3. To save electricity you should .... the lights at night.

a recharge   b turn off   c sign in   d plug in

4. If they .... exams, they would revise well.

a had   b have   c will have   d have had

5. Sherif enjoys .... TV in the evenings.

a watch   b watched   c watches   d watching

4 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Life is too short to live. So, man has to realize that, thinking too much could make you sick. Even doctors tell us not to worry much, as this s not good for our life course. A wise friend of mine advised me to laugh. It would be a good thing to start your day with a smile.

Follow this piece of advice will never feel **cross** or even nervous. Someone will say that life is not that easy to live. We have a lot to worry about in our life. Laughter is a good addition to our life. All these things could be in hand if we smile all the way in our life.

A. Answer the following questions:

1- What is the main idea of the passage?

....

2- What is the good thing to start your day with?

....

3- Summarise the second paragraph.

....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4- The underlined word "**cross**" means ....

a happy   b fast   c walk   d angry

5- .... could make us sick.

a Laughter   b Anger   c Thinking   d Advice

5 Write a paragraph of SIX (6) sentences on:

"Solar energy"

....

....

TEST 14

امتحان لطلاب الدمج

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, cm or c:

1. Man : How much is this shirt?
   Seller : ______________________________
   a This shirt is 50 meters
   b This shirt is 50 hours
   c This shirt is 50 pounds

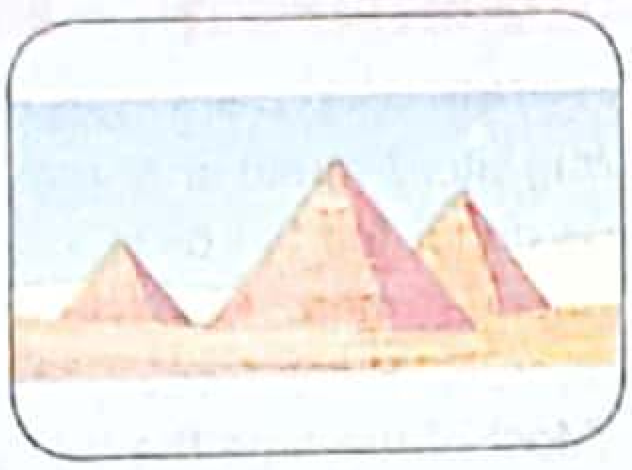
2. Sherif : ______________________________?
   Akaram : It is ten o'clock now.
   a What time is it now?
   b What time are it now?
   c What time did it now?

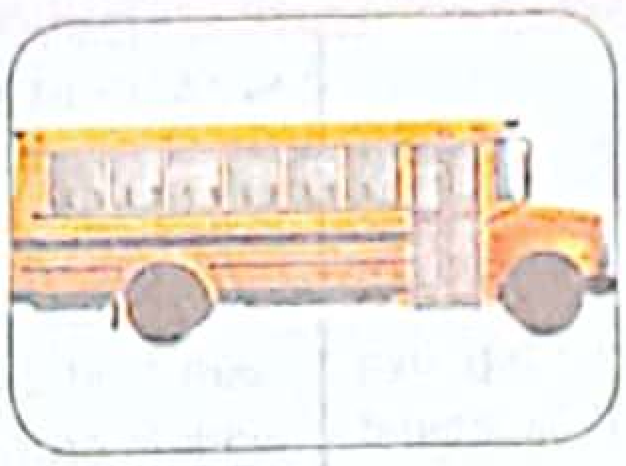
3. Kamal : ______________________________?
   Samy : Ali left to Alexandria two hours ago.
   a When did Ali leave to Alexandria
   b How did Ali leave to Alexandria
   c Which did Ali leave to Alexandria

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or c:

1. Sherif would buy the shirt ______________ he had enough money.
   a if   b unless   c when
2. English is a good ______________.
   a bus   b driver   c subject
3. When ______________ the train leaves?
   a is   b does   c are
4. This ______________ is made of plastic.
   a pencil   b house   c street
5. Kamal ______________, "I can't write good English."
   a asked   b said   c ordered
6. Rania likes watching films on the ______________.
   a road   b internet   c library

3 **Read the sentence under each picture and put (√) or (x):**







1- It's a camel (............)

2- It's a bus (............)

3- I like the Pyramids (............)

4 **Finish the sentences with words from the list:**

visited - where - bus - like - After - would

1. She .... the zoo yesterday.
2. They travel by .... to Alexandria.
3. Sherif doesn't .... colour black.
4. If they slept early, they .... catch the train.
5. .... Karim had typed the letter, he sent it.
6. I asked my teacher .... he had graduated from.

5 **Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences:**

1. like - fruit - much - I - very.

....

2. they - go - How - to - Alexandria - did?

....

3. tree - is - a - our - There - house - near.

....